

Roll No. \_\_\_\_\_

Essay 1

60  
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125

Essay 2

62  
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125

## ESSAY

Time Allowed: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 250

### Instructions to Candidate

- Both sections are compulsory.
- Attempt an essay from each section.
- Each essay carries 125 marks.
- Write each essay in about 1000-1200 words.
- After finishing the first essay, attempt the next on a fresh Page.
- Any page left blank in the answer-book must be crossed out clearly.

*(Examiner will pay special attention to the candidate's grasp of his/her material, its relevance to the subject chosen, and to his/ her ability to think constructively and to present his/her ideas concisely, logically and effectively).*

### Remarks

Rt- see inside for value addition.

1. Invigilator Signature \_\_\_\_\_

2. Invigilator Signature \_\_\_\_\_



Name PANKAJ KUMAR

Mobile No. \_\_\_\_\_

Date 05 NOV 2016

Signature Pankaj

**SECTION - A**

1. We must connect the dots between climate change, water scarcity, energy shortages, global health, food security and women's empowerment.
2. Advertisement and its importance.
3. Should student in campus be indulged in politics?
4. What is stopping India from becoming superpower?

**SECTION - B**

1. The real meaning of enlightenment is to gaze with undimmed eyes on all darkness.
2. The tragedy of old is not that one is old but that one is young.
3. Role of media in election.
4. What a Population of 7 Billion People Means for the Planet.

**Remarks**

“Man is a Political animal” - Aristotle

Politics and Political system of a country provides basic structure for development and growth. More aware is the society of it's political rights, greater are the chances of people empowerment. The seed of curiosity, eagerness, questioning is inculcated in human mind from school days in a formal institution.

This seed grows <sup>through</sup> ~~from~~ primary to higher education from school to college in form of basic to more evolved & advanced knowledge. Scope of education increases

from basic academic education to Excellent grasp of societal, cultural, technical and political excellent and concise elaboration.

Politics and Society -

Politics and it's institution constitute basic framework for a society, state or a country. politics is being aware

Remarks

about your rights. Analyse the decision of government or authority, point out negative and positive outcomes, put your alternative solutions to public.

Politics is developing critical thinking either to put forward your ideas to public or analysing oppositions

At some place it is worthwhile to mention "student and politics" is the beginning

Relevant quote

for public good. Every human being develops ability of analyzing. As in words of famous scholar Ann J. Tickner "Personal is political, and Political is personal."

All the institutions of society from school, college, bureaucracy, pressure group, government institution, media houses, film industry, business all contains the element of politics in them. It is important to have Political element as it provides critical ability to generate ideas in human mind. It is said that "Reality is shadow of Ideas"

Remarks

It provides for an alternative in any institution of society which prevents from growing "authoritarian values" in a system & challenges its hegemony. We can see glimpses of aware civil society in movements like "India against corruption" where youths, students, women, men & older (lawyer, academician, artist) all participated to demand transparency for curbing corruption & bringing framework of a society and country. Politics is organic.

### Students and politics -

"Best ideas emerge from most curious minds" and who else can be more curious than young and energized students. When the student reaches in college he/she is generally eligible to vote. This provides that he is part of "universal adult franchise" of this country. It indicates that

Remarks

he has a mature understanding to take a political decision making process. Students develop many more qualities like leadership, management, assessment other than just having academic qualification. Only bookish knowledge can not be sufficient for development of personality. It can make one master in a particular field but not lead to overall development. Political activity offers other extra curricular development of a student.

Campuses in a country is divided in many field some being generalistic and some specialist. campus & institutions like IISc, IIM, IITs offers education of one particular field, where as institutions like JNU, DU, HU provides education for arts, sciences and commerce etc.

Many world leaders emerged at global level given to their development of political ideas & career during

Remarks

college days. US president Barack Obama (Harvard university), ~~former~~ UK PM David Cameron (Cambridge university), Indian finance minister Arun Jaitley (Delhi university) are today influential political leaders at global stage but origin of their political career goes back to campus time.

Contemporary campus politics in India

The idea of allowing politics in campus is to develop awareness about social issues, needs of society, governance in country. To generate debate on a issue, to analyse the cause, process effect of a decision of government can develop constructive development in colleges. If we look at current issues of debate on sedition law still being practiced in country. The debate emerged when JNU SU President Kanhiya Kumar arrested for holding a meeting. The debate on freedom of speech & expression emerged when Rohit

Remarks

Bennulla a student of Hyderabad university committed suicide due to some conflict with other students. The debate on autonomy of universities arises when issue of some Kashmiri students cheering for a player of other country got suspended. This issue emerged due to politics going on in a campus but they generated nation wide debate.

But along with these ~~some~~ optimistic aspirations from student politics, some major challenges <sup>are</sup> also emerging. Political student groups even created to develop ideological thinking. But these groups took form of communal clashes. Some lead to clash on caste based identity. The original purpose left behind & these groups got involved in politi petty politics.

Remarks



Interference of national level political Parties increased in campus politics. This leads to further creation of gap among the students. Incidents like missing of uni student (Nayeeb Ahmed) from university, suicide due to conflict among students, fighting among students increased further. This defeated the original purpose of creating constructive politics and provided way for irrational discussions.

### Evaluation and way forward-

The prevailing current situations project both positive and negative aspect for future. The question is to control the declining standards and break the balance in progressive way.

The students aspiring for genuine ~~themselves~~ development should not let overcome by some irrational & disturbing elements to hamper constructive activities.

Remarks

campus administration has to play important role in maintaining law & order in campus and should provide for appropriate platforms:

The engagement of political leadership should not be only with a particular group but should address all the students.

It is said that "ignorant are going to rule if aware and enlightened are going to ignore". These students

forms basic framework of a country for future & development of their mind for societal need is necessary. Instead of completely banning, it is better to ensure keep dirty fishes out.

Evolution of media

The dimensions of debate has come out. description could be more comprehensive.

(a) effects of competitive politics may hamper studies, peace and brotherhood

Remarks

(b) Students are prone to be "fodder's" for politician's journey to power; "their dumb driven cattle!"

(c) Student's political engagement should aim at understanding society, ~~with~~ fellow citizens, their categories and cultures, their aspirations and perceptions, important issues of development etc - rather than grabbing attention of political parties

(d) As long as interaction, exposure, debates and dissent remain educated, gracious, tolerant, peaceful and accommodative, politics is always a way towards good citizenry and leadership in various arenas of life.

(e) Factors that lead to "dirty" politics and politicking, polluting and degenerating the mind of youth

(f) suggestions for improvement of campus politics.

60  
120

sixty

1. description inadequate  
2. conclusion not explicit

Media is 4<sup>th</sup> pillar of democracy along with legislature, Executive and Judiciary. The role of media is very vital for a smoothly functioning democracy. ~~where~~ as legislature, executive and judiciary are part of state, media is part of civil society network. It is considered as government control free institution in some countries. Majority of democracies have free media. But some countries controls the media - countries like N. Korea, China have state controlled media houses.

### Evolution of media -

Media came of a long way from hand written circulation of events to internet oriented social media. With the development of machinery during industrialisation time printing Press came into existence. With the

development of fluorescent screen and coming of television, electronic media came in to existence. And with the invention / development of internet social media spread at exponential rate in last 2 decades.

Media evolved from monopolised state to competitive private media houses. The way of presenting news, frequency of news broadcasting keep on evolving.

### Elections and Media

Regular elections are part of healthy and functioning democracy. In non democratic countries also election takes place in the form of indirect manner. Media plays important role in ensuring free and fair elections in a country.

Role of media evolved in election process with the evolution of media it self:

Some features of media in elections are universal and some are country specific.

To provide the information to citizens about the contesting candidates. It ensures that voters can make informed choice about their vote.

The role of media is to increase awareness in civil society. Reporting and analysis by scholars in media make voters more aware about their Political rights.

Media highlights the issue prevailing in different societies and constitutions.

This led to preparation<sup>of</sup> manifestos by Political parties on constituency basis along with some common

issues.

projection of demands of people in media makes legislators at national or state level to visit their

Remarks

constituencies.

Some times political leaders gives hate speeches, or communal speeches. It's broadcasting lead to file of complain for violation of "model code of conduct"

This ensures that Election commission take appropriate action against violator.

Media helps government or opposition to project their work in public.

This helps people to make informed decision about electing candidate.

Media provides air time to all the

Parties. It ensures that parties can extend there reach in diverse countries.

like india.

with coming of social media platform

it provides for more rapid information sharing. Parties have extended their

reach. with the help of social media

parties provides information about their work not only during election

but all the time with no input

Remarks

cost. There is no ~~censor~~ of information on social media. People can connect to political party and can question leaders directly on platform like, - facebook live, google hangout etc.

### Challenges Emerging in media's role

Along with these important functions that media provides there are certain challenges which are emerging with evolution of media. In election these problems are particularly visible.

There is growing political and media nexus on the line of growing political and criminal nexus.

Political parties ensure that <sup>supporting</sup> media houses run smoothly when they come to power. They create problem for other media houses affecting free media as provided under Article - 19 (1) of Indian constitution.

Remarks



with emergence of majority of private media houses. there is increase in competition. This ensured that they provide reliable news to remain relevant. But some Businessman either owns media houses or have majority of shares. have political nexus and do not run negative news against particular political party.

Media houses today are not functioning freely. They are biased towards any particular party and air their views as news.

National parties enjoys more airtime on national television, electronic media. This influences voter wave in their favour & put regional and smaller parties at disadvantages. Media conducts surveys before elections with very small sample surveys and project their result for national level influencing voters.

Remarks

decisions.

In a report published by "Transparency International", India ranked 133 out of 180 countries on freedom of media.

It ensures that media is not functioning freely and government controls some news broadcasting.

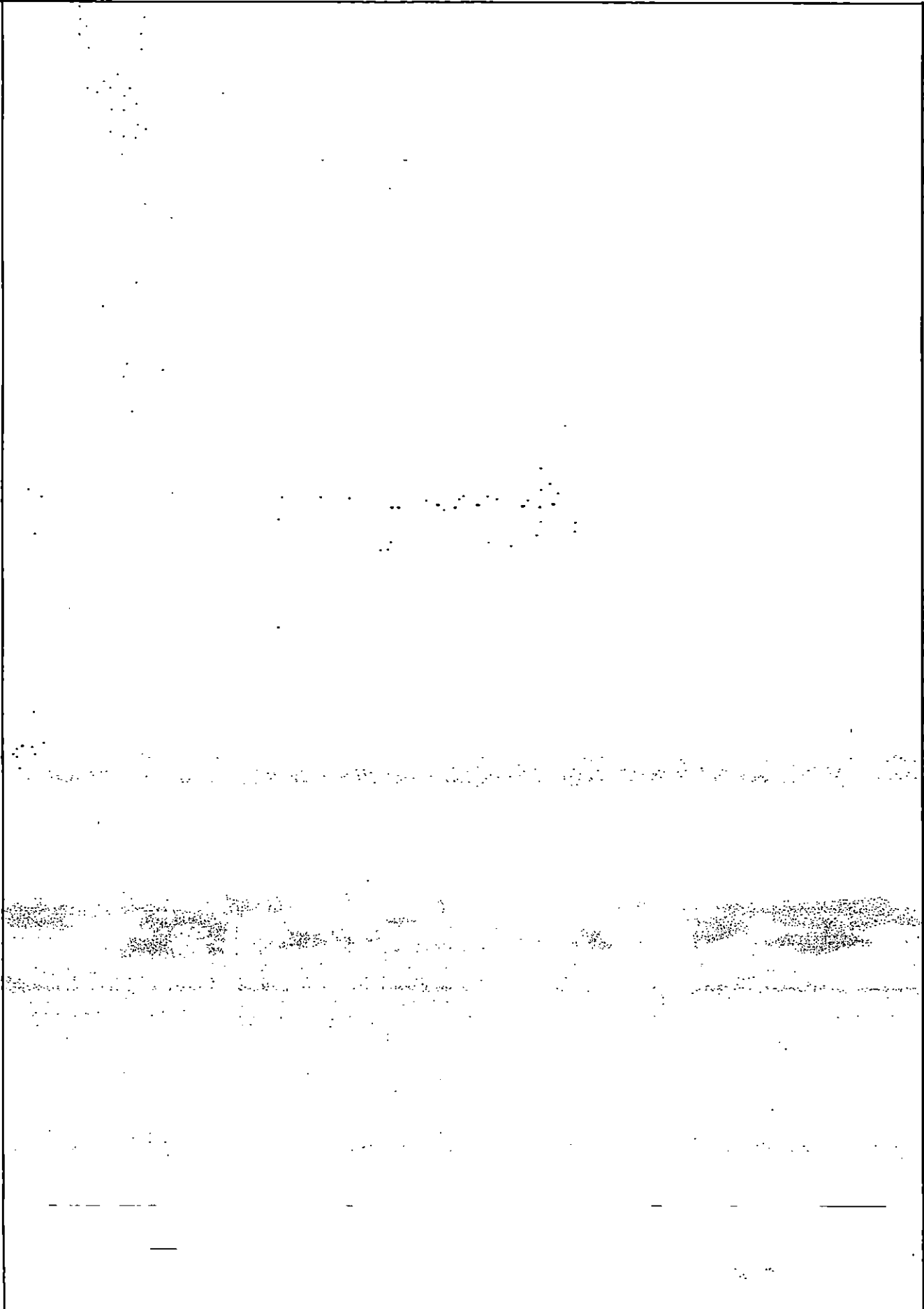
It is said that any thing developed from developmental purpose can be problematic if it changes it's trajectory in negative direction. So is the case of media. It is provided a free hand to function with certain limitation, it should ensure some accountability to it's role.

A little more on "self control" vs. "censorship".

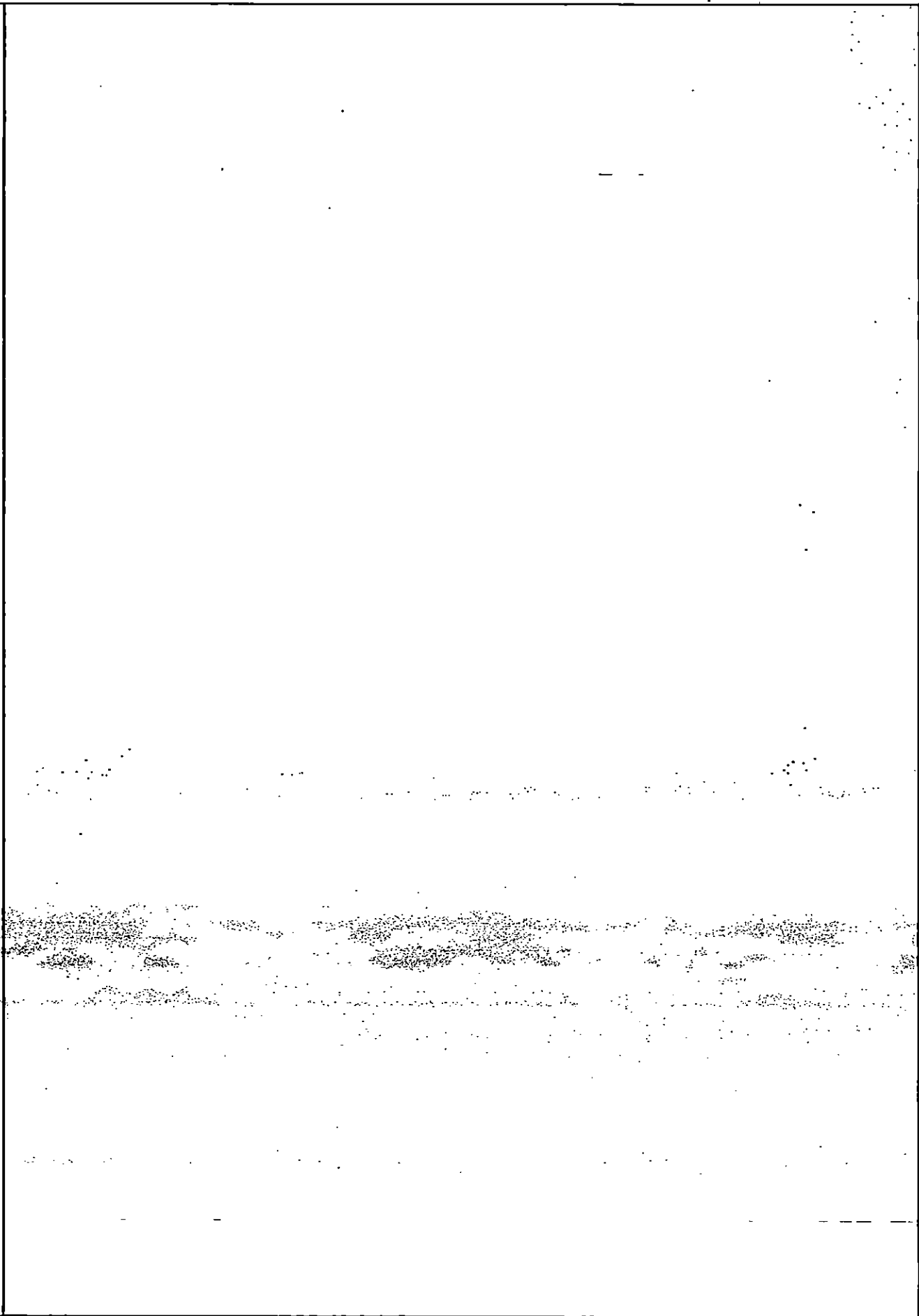
Media as educator, opinion maker, whistle blower, a guard of people's interest etc. might have been highlighted more

62  
125

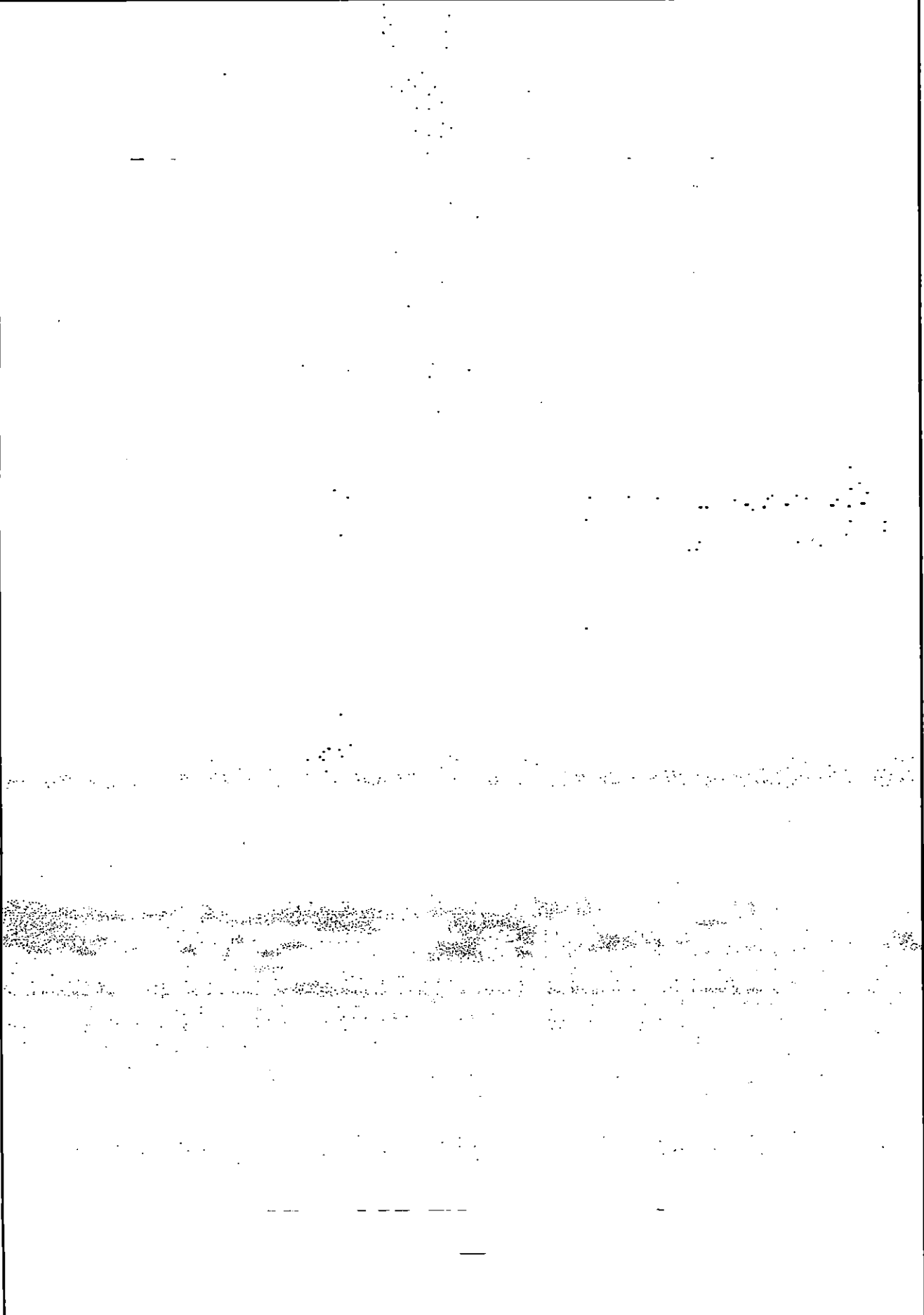
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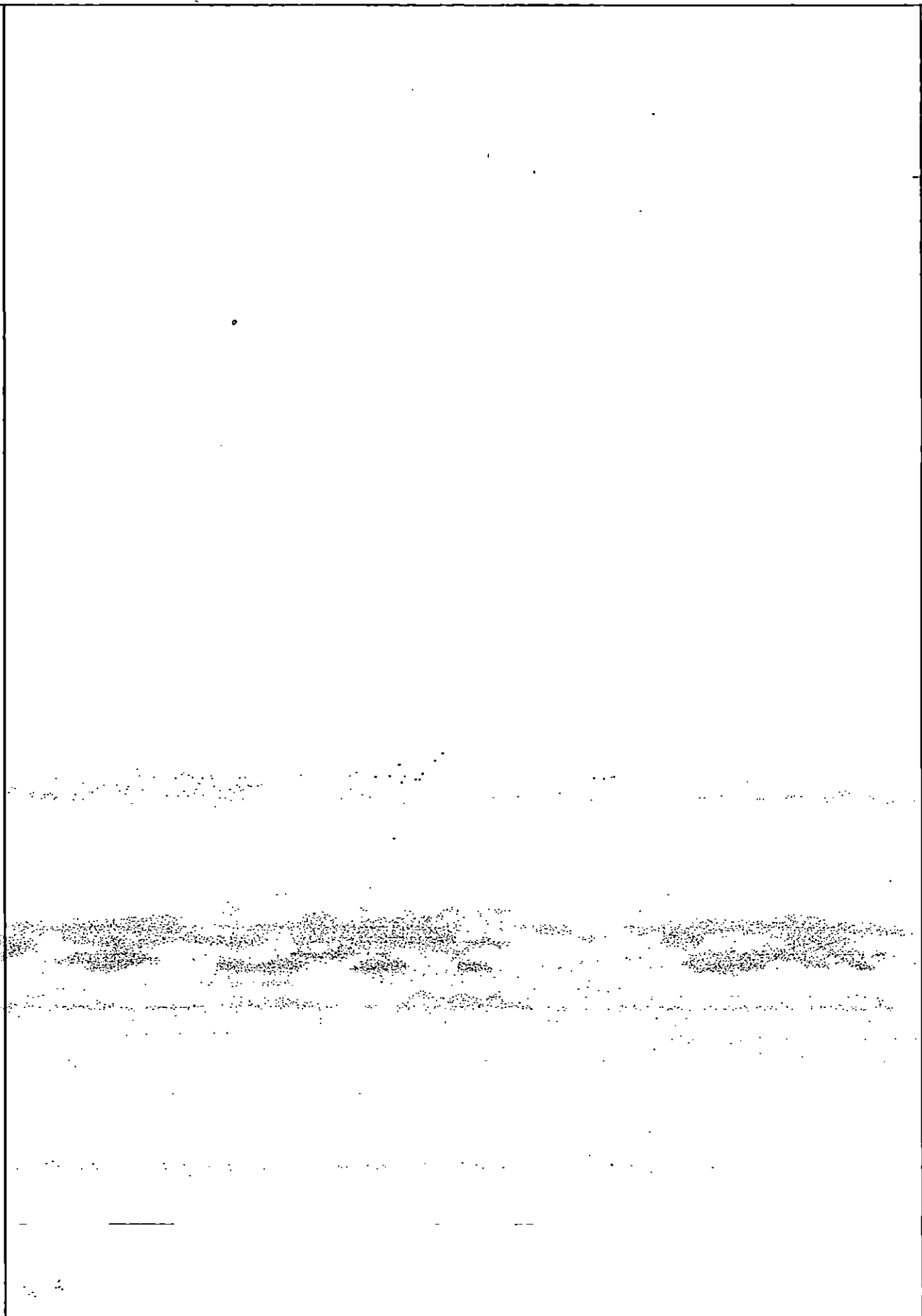
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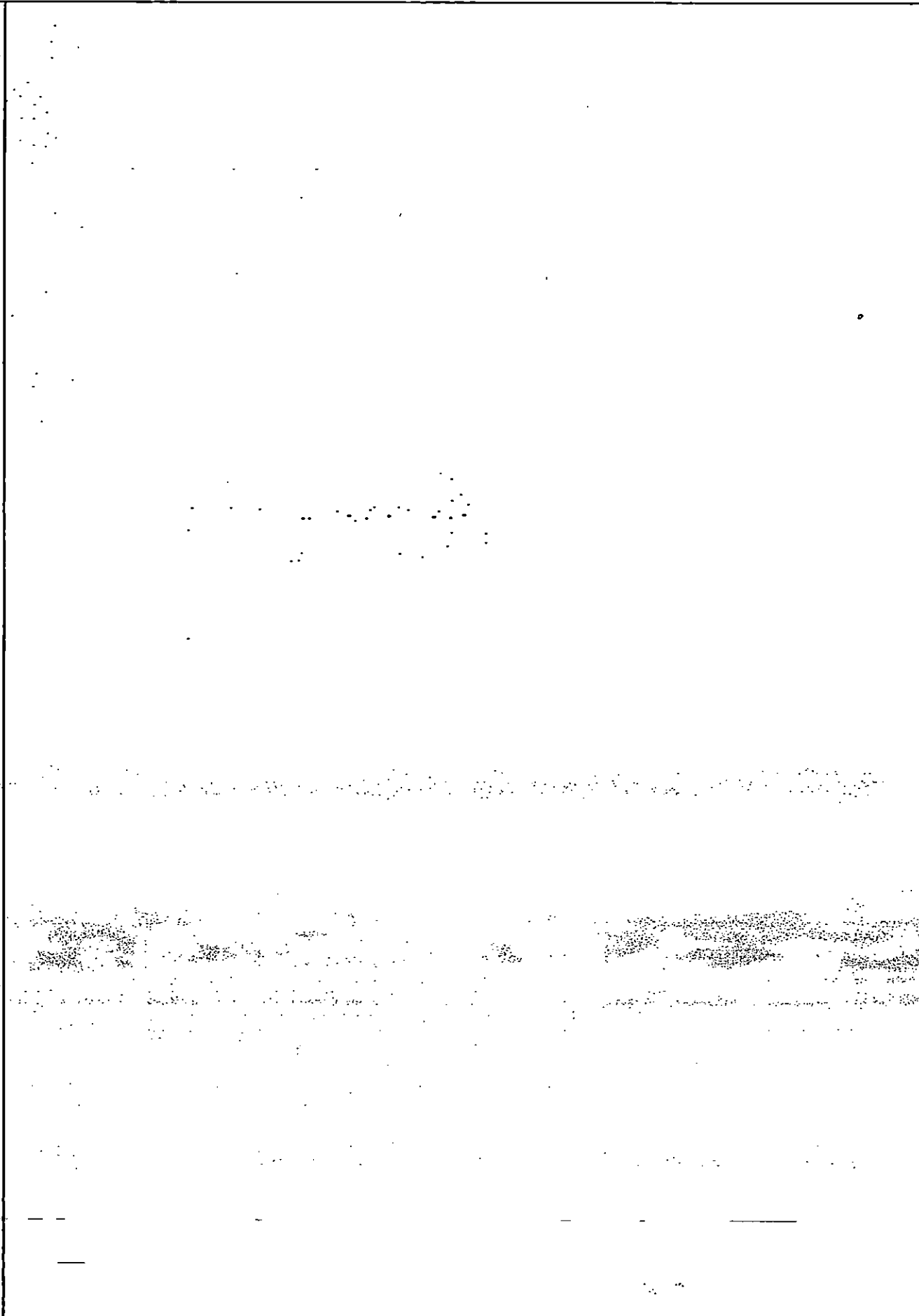
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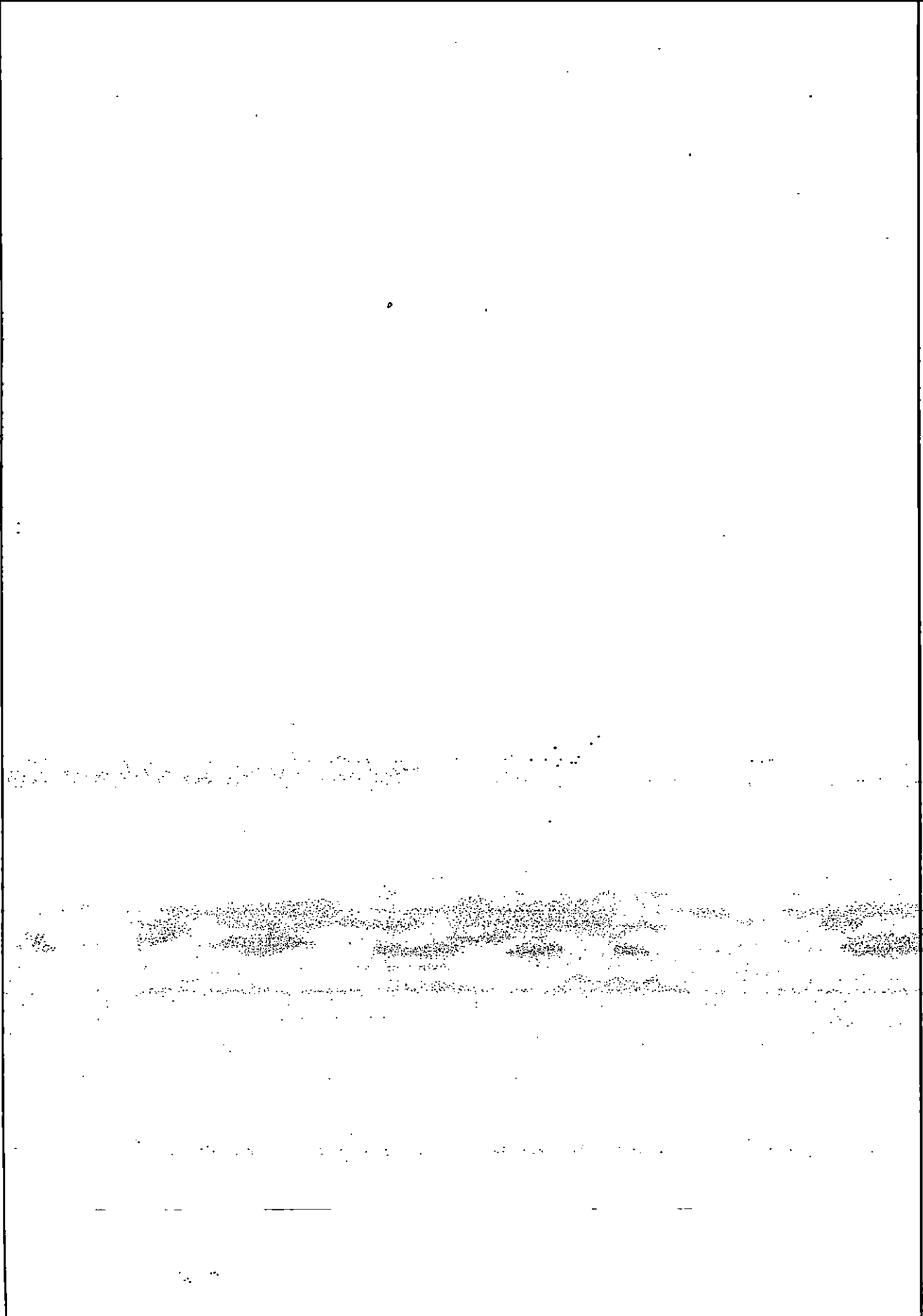
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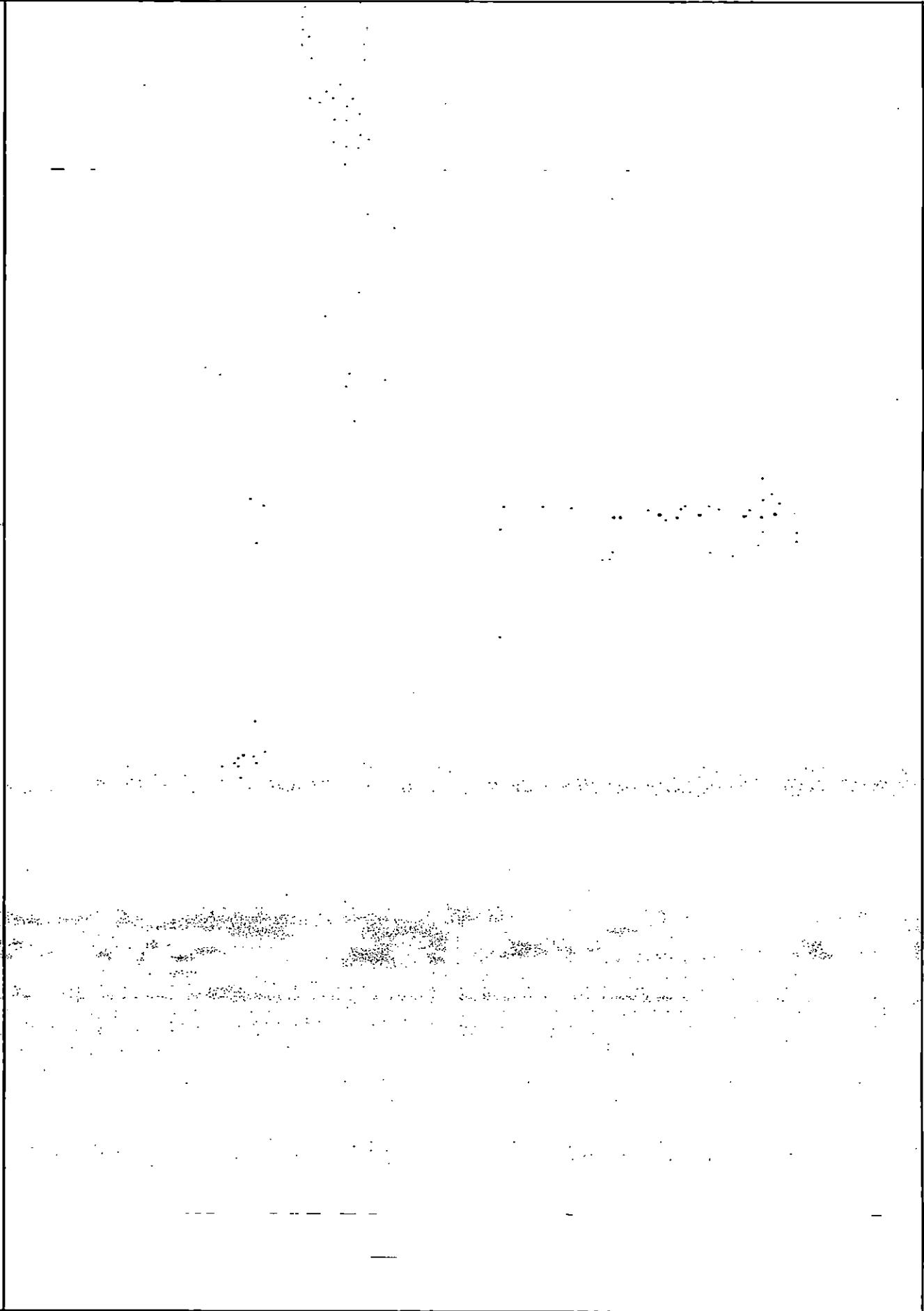
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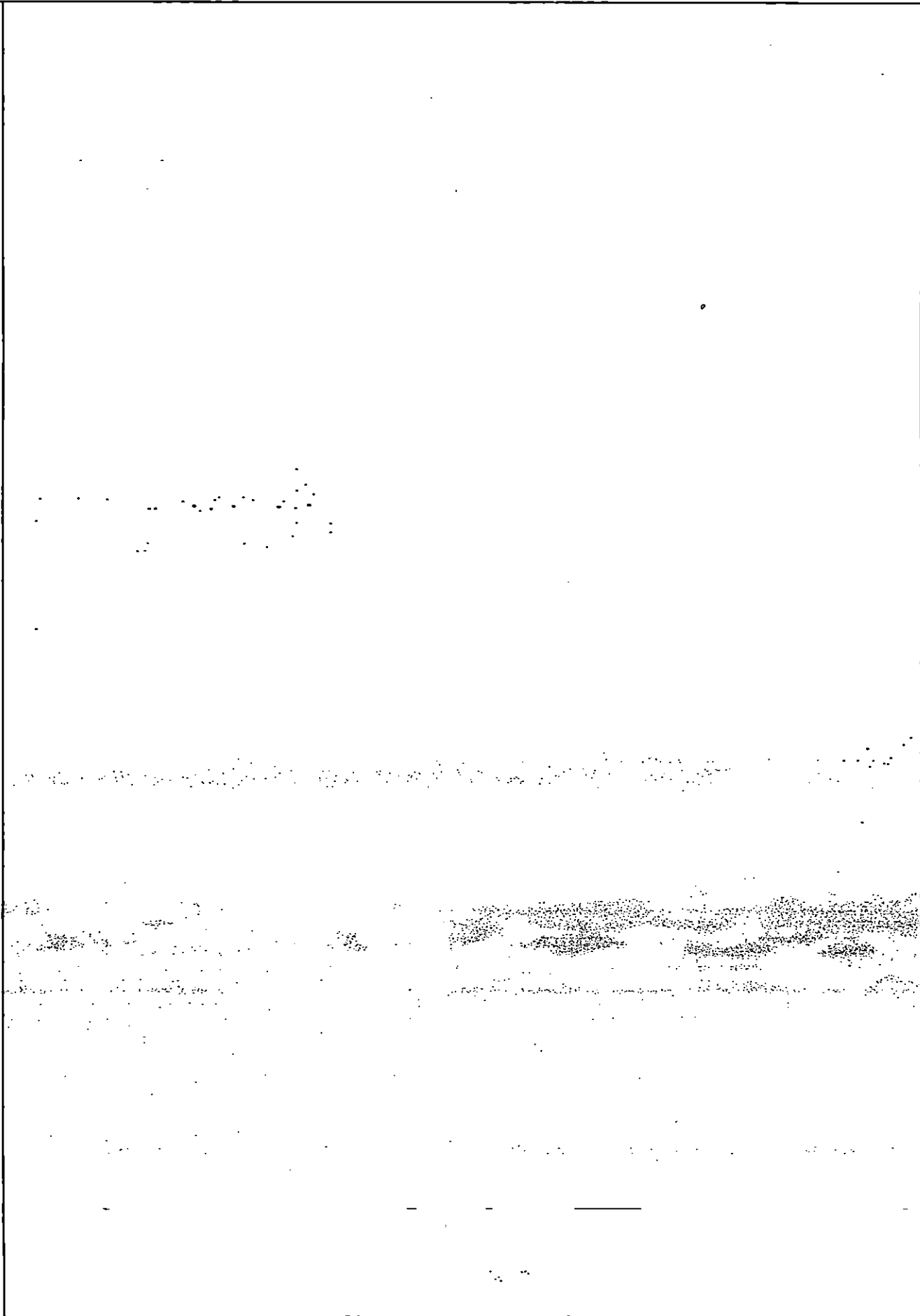
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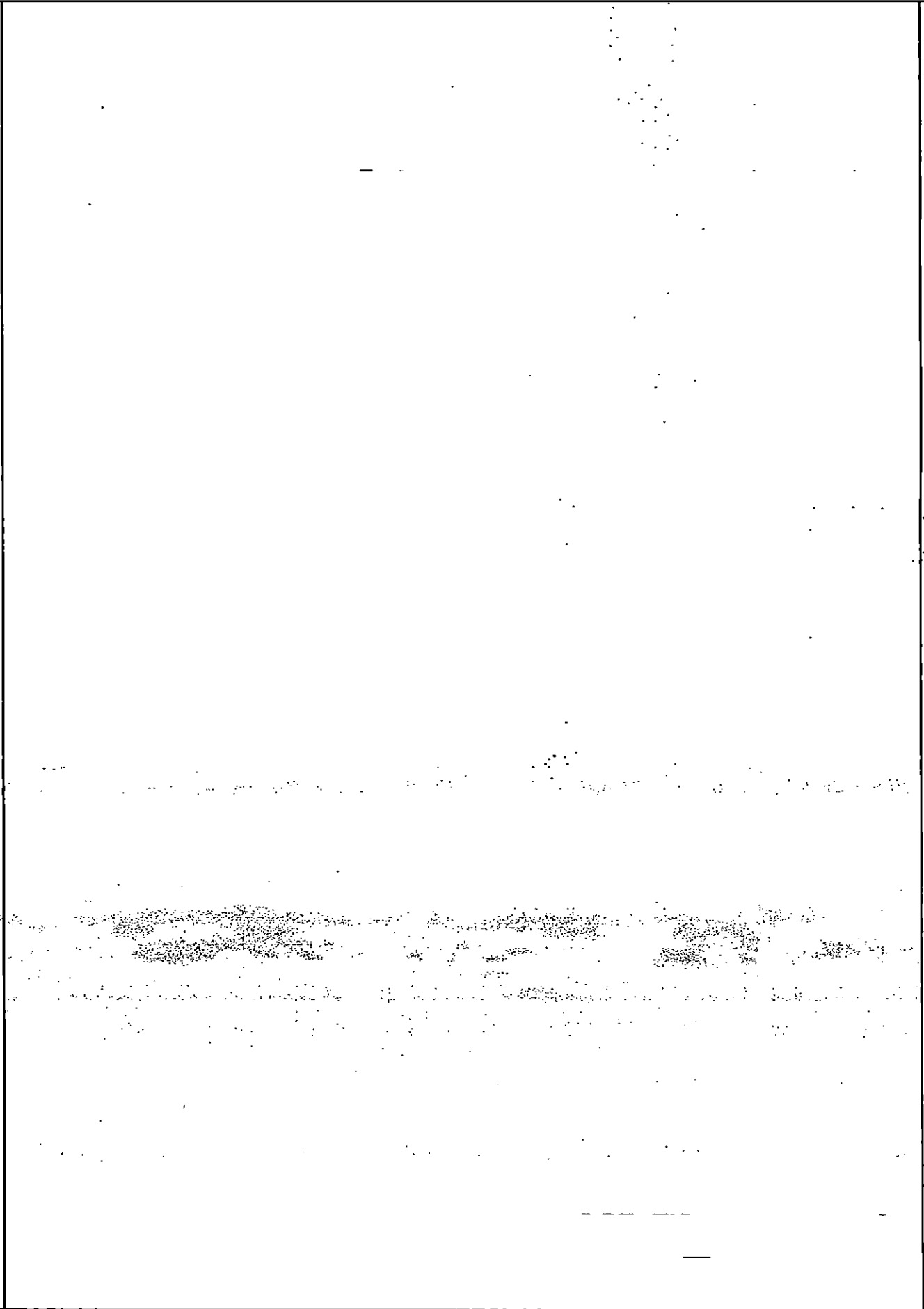
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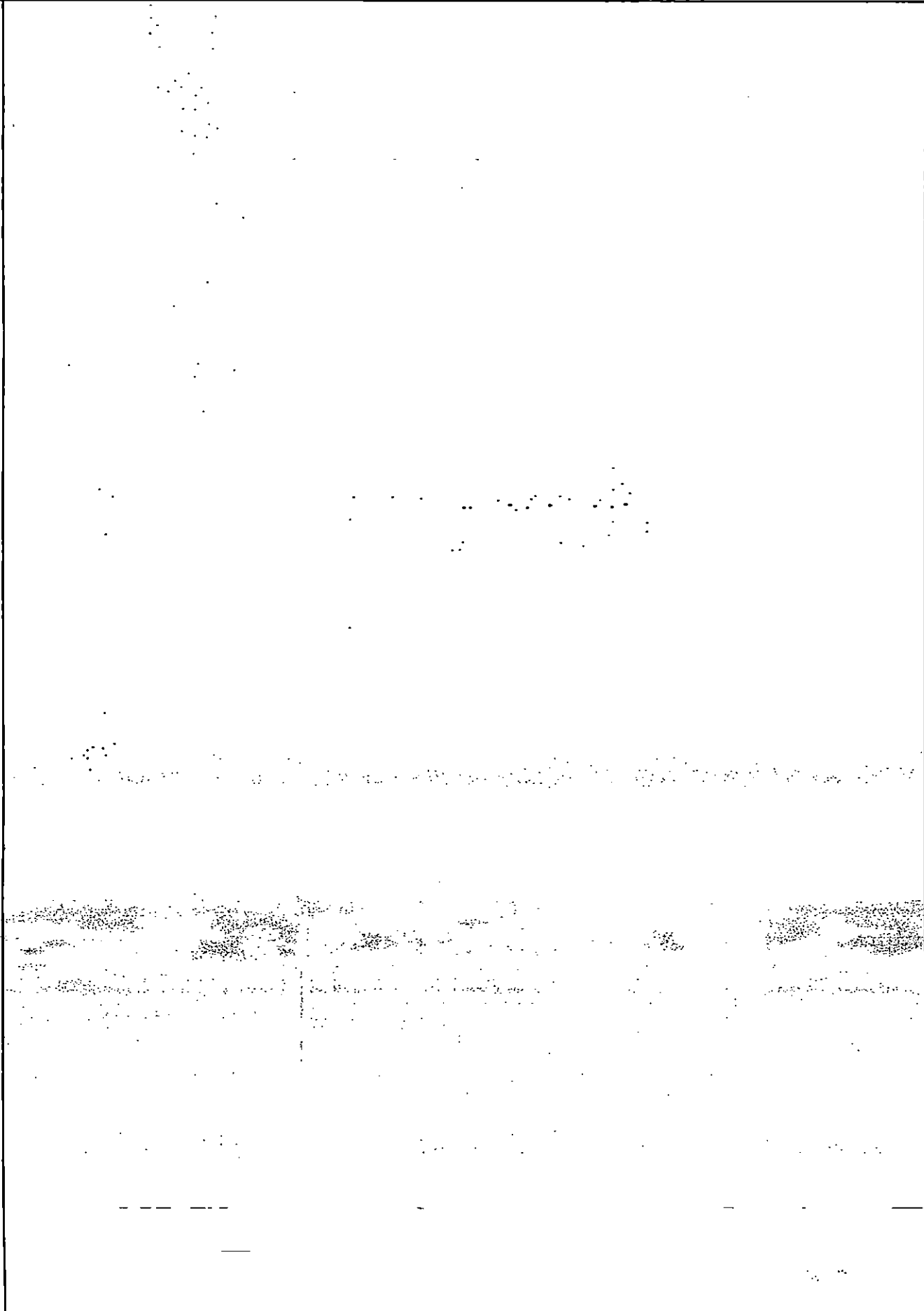
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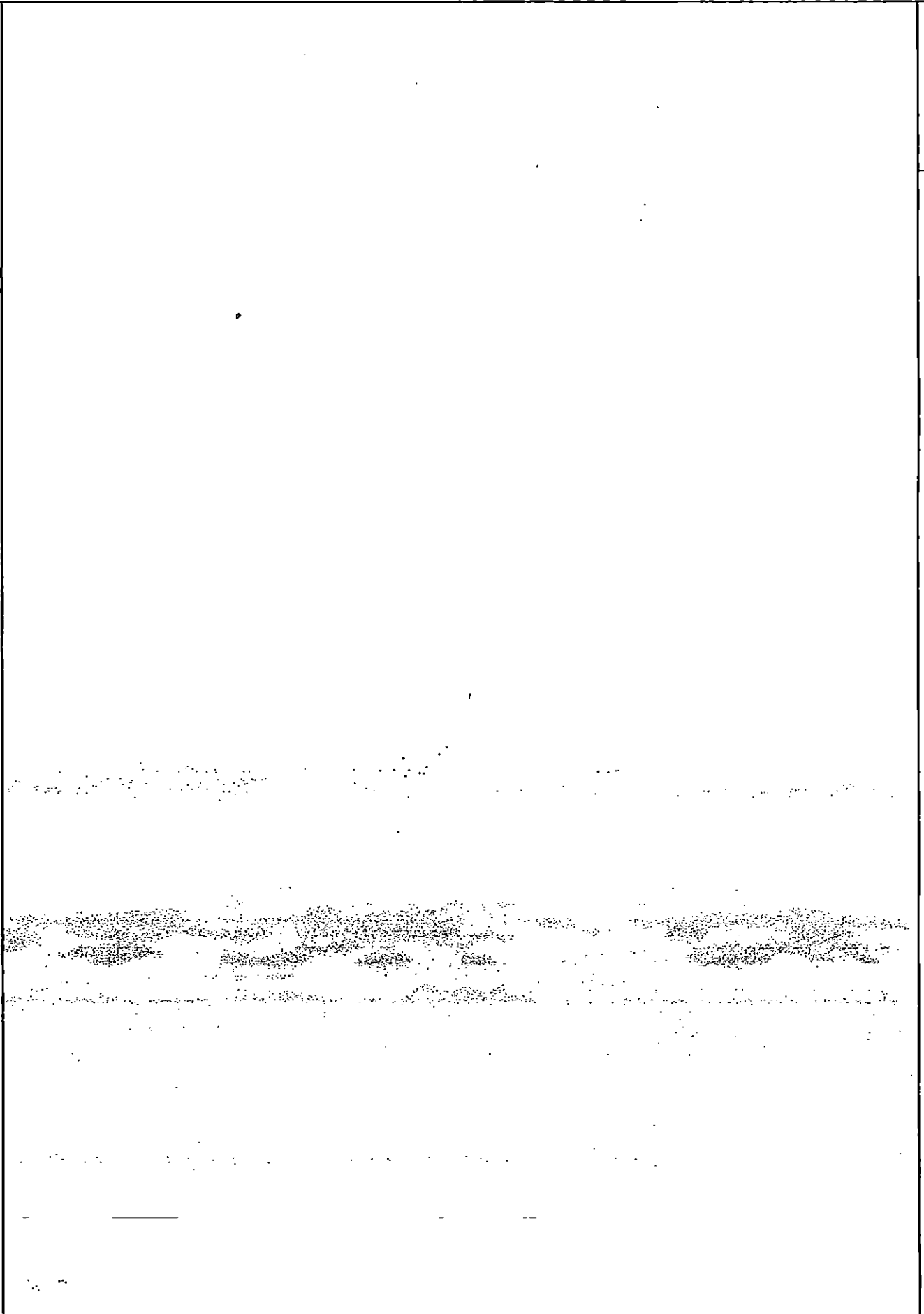
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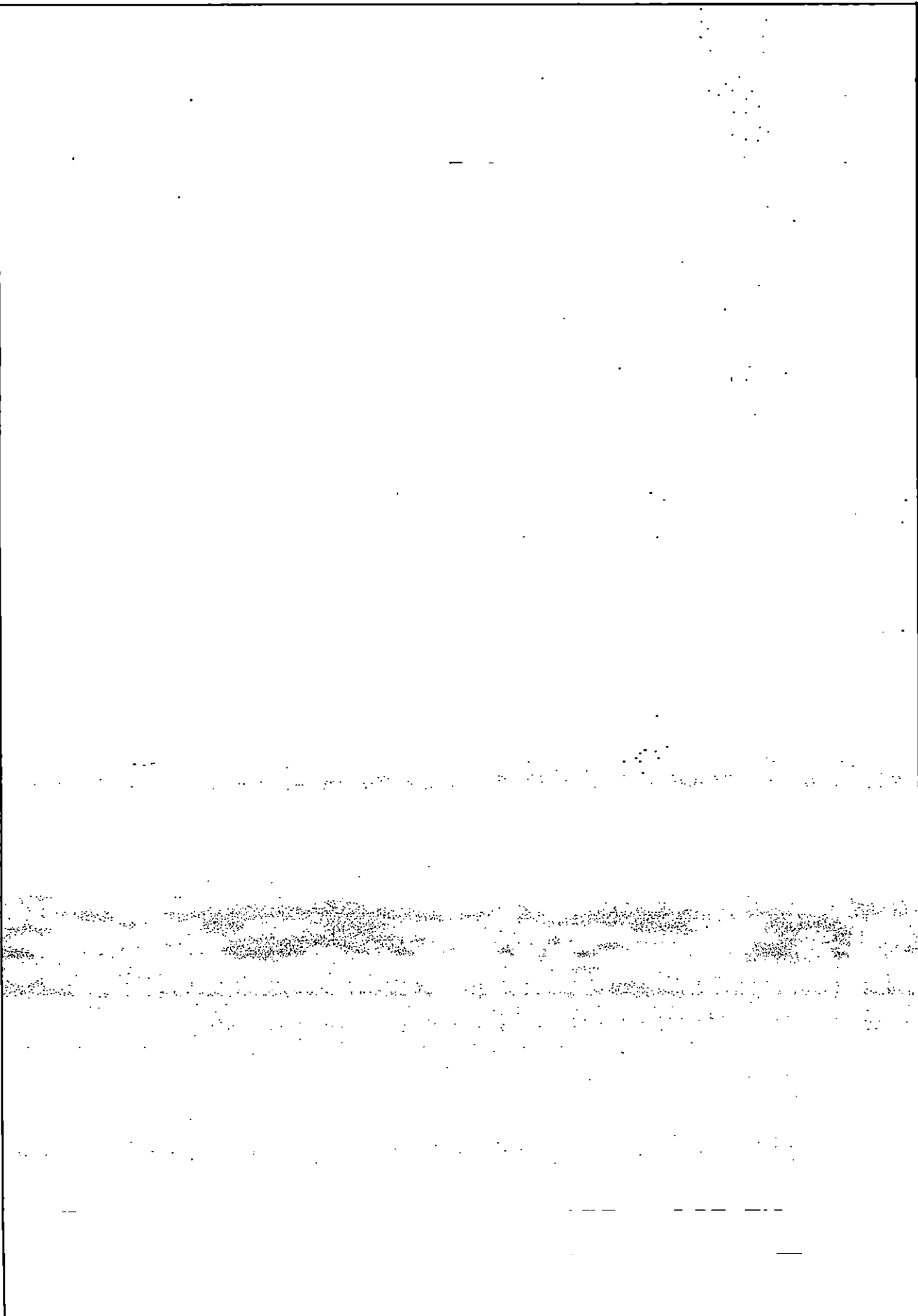
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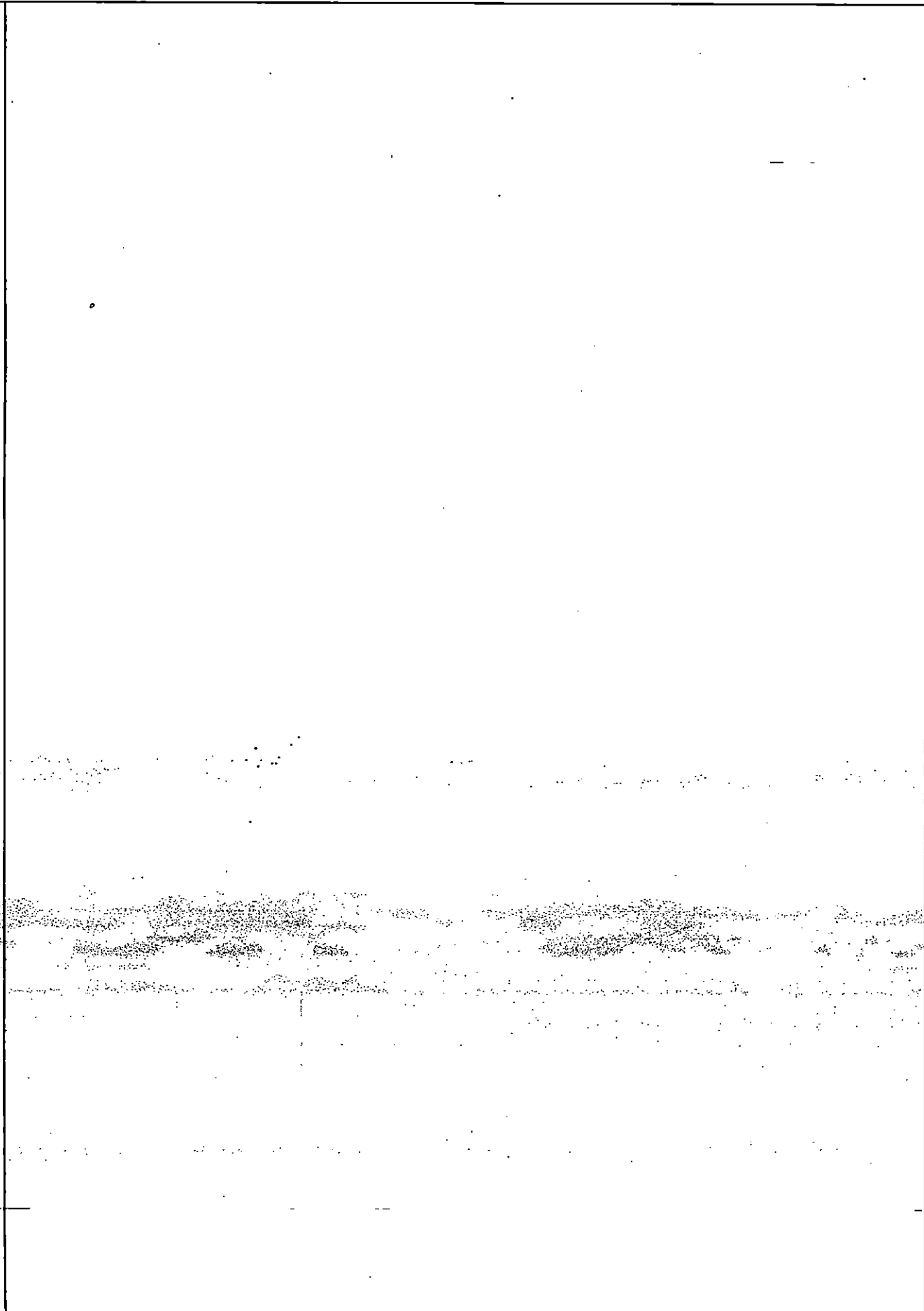


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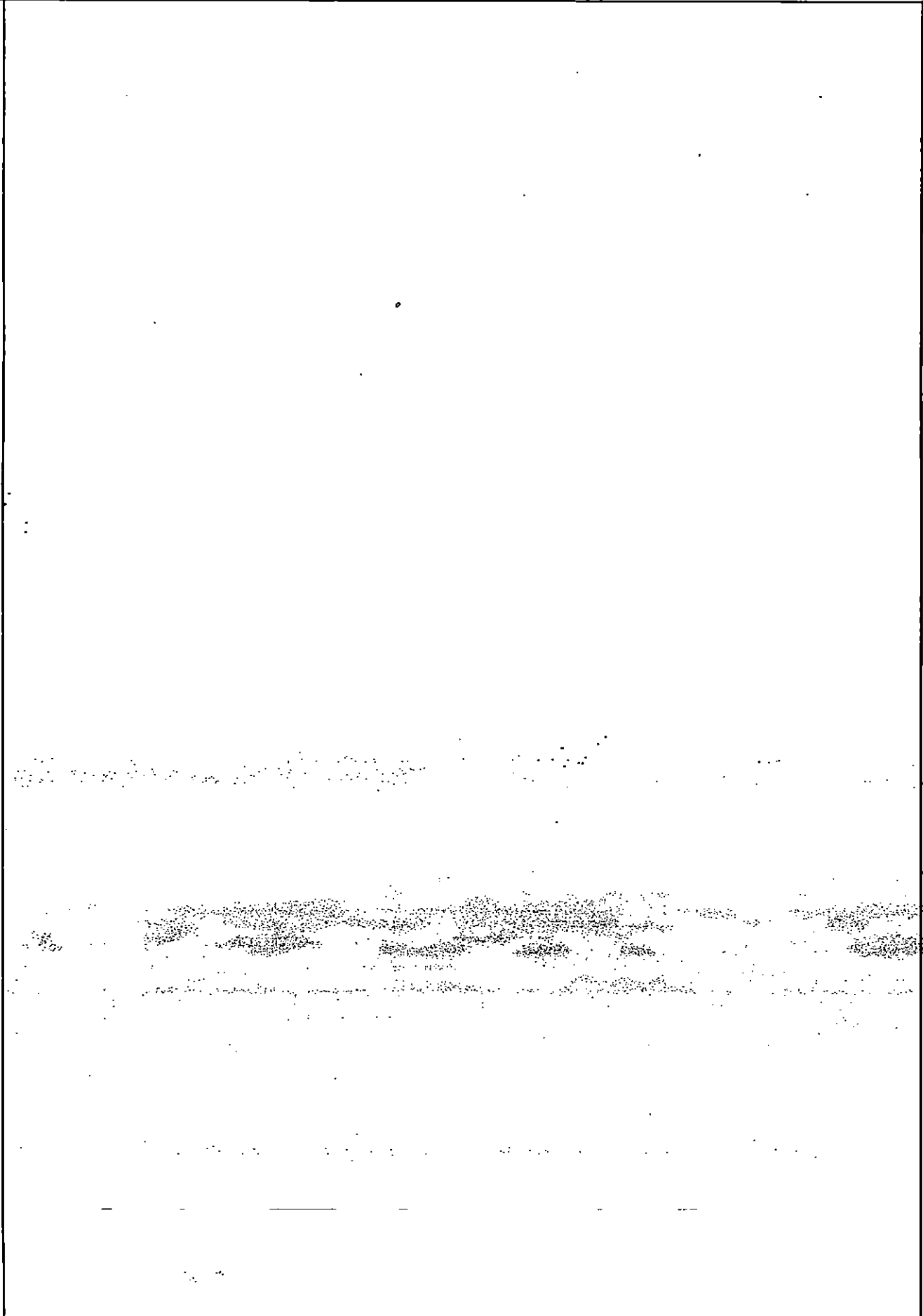
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*Remarks*

should students in campus be indulge in politics

↳ Aristotle

Politics

Man

what  
why  
how  
when

purpose of establish

Political awareness

Ignorant are going to rule if enlightenment & aware people not actively participate

current issue - JNU Hyderabad university

issues of governance

Barack Barak Obama, UK pm - Howard

why it should be allowed

Role of media

↳ 4<sup>th</sup> pillar of democracy

Role of media in electra

evolution of media  
↳ print, electro  
social

emerging problem

↳ media + political nexus

↳ business controlling media

→ regional parties  
- create wave / hit

surveys

- Biasness

{ 130/188

Media freedom index

→ why needed

information to make informed choices

awareness among civil society

- highlighting the issues

- Model code of conduct

Remarks