

Online

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TEST - 01

ETHICS, INTEGRITY AND APTITUDE

Time Allowed: 3 hr.

Max. Marks: 250

Q.	Marks	Instructions to Candidate
1.		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• There are 19 questions.• All questions are compulsory• The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.• Content of the answer is more important than its length.• Answers must be written in the space provided. <p>Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.</p>
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1. Invigilator Signature

2. Invigilator Signature

Name SHASHANK CHAUDHARY

Roll No. _____

Mobile No. _____

Date 7/5/16

Signature

REMARKS

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SECTION - A

Q1. Tolerance is treated as one of the main principle of Modern Democratic Rule.

(a) What do you mean by "Tolerance" and discuss its importance in public service?

(b) Being a civil servant, how can you initiate the culture of tolerance in your organization? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

(a) Tolerance means the ability of a person to endure personal remarks on one's religion, caste, sex and/or any other personal characteristic. Tolerance also covers the acceptability of the differences in the lifestyle, practices etc of others which are contrary to one's belief, values and principles.

Importance of tolerance in public service:

① Given the diversity of India - ethnic, linguistic and religious, it is important for a public servant to be tolerant to all these characteristics of diversified.

② ~~From~~ Tolerance promotes the values of impartiality and objectivity, therefore it becomes cardinal for a public officer.

Remarks

(b)

Culture of tolerance can be initiated by appreciation of the diversity and valuing it.

I will try to promote the practice of treating human beings as end in itself rather than means. ~~to~~ catering everyone according to his/her personal believes and values while remaining under the law of the land will be my goal.

Further, I will promote celebrations of all festivals related to all religions in the organisation ^{and} giving equal importance to each. This will bring a culture of harmony and tolerance among the people of organisation.

Remarks

Q2. How can the "green behaviour" at work be encouraged among public officers? Discuss the importance of green behaviour in developing a sustainable nation. (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Ans Green behaviour means the actions and activities which promote environmental values. e.g. travelling to work on a bicycle, using less energy at the office etc.

It can be encouraged among the public officers by:

→ Incentivizing the green behaviour by special recognition.

e.g. 'Green Award' to the deptt who uses least energy for a month.

→ Promotion of environmental values among the officers by repeated orientation programmes and seminars

→ Credit System for government offices based on green practices if they adopt.

→ ~~Inclusion of~~ GA

Remarks

Importance of Green behaviour.

- Given the disastrous consequences of climate change, green behaviour is important for sustainability.
- It will not only reduce pollution but also save a lot of foreign exchange.
- After signing of Paris Agreement, green behaviour is essential if India aims to achieve the INDCs.
- Sustainable Development Goals promotes the practices which help in ~~achieving~~ developing sustainable nation, green behaviour is one of them.

4/2

Good!

Remarks

Q3. Explain with example that for the development of social harmony, harmony within oneself by resolving inner conflicts is more important. Being a civil servant what steps can you take to maintain inner harmony? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Ans For promoting Social harmony, it is essential that a person first resolve ~~her~~ inner conflicts.

For example:

- How do conflicts affect harmony. Discuss?

Religious differences.

If a public officer is striving to develop social harmony among different religions in a society, she must first embrace all the religions herself. She must resolve all the prejudices and stereotypes from her mind about the other religions. Then only she can promote publically the ~~positive~~ real nature of ~~all~~ the religions which is peace and harmony.

Unless there is a full settlement of personal conflict, she can't move forward to change the society.....

Remarks

Grandhiji said -

'Be the change, you want to bring in the society'.

As a civil servant I will develop a virtuous character based on virtues of tolerance, courage, wisdom and temperance. This

will ensure that there are ~~very~~ no inner conflicts. Furthermore, I will

will recourse to public service values

to resolve the inner conflicts in case they arise.

List more appropriate points

3 1/2

Remarks

Q4. With rapid changes in technology and the borderless global environment, every country needs to have ethical guiding principles. Which guiding principles does India follow? Discuss with examples. Is it in tune with the present requirements of the globalised world? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Ans- With increasing interactions and interdependence among the countries of the world, the ethical soundness of international relations is very ~~so~~ essential.

India's guiding principles are:

- 1) Non interference in ~~the~~ internal matters of other countries i.e. respect for sovereignty of other states. e.g. ~~Pakistan~~ Sri Lanka was criminal.
- 2) Following an independent ~~for~~ ~~for~~ foreign policy and not joining anyone political bloc ~~while~~ on the expense of other. e.g. NAM.
- 3) Peaceful coexistence e.g. Panchsheel.
- 4) Promotion of equal rights and opportunities to all nations e.g. IMF reforms, UNSC reforms.

Remarks

India's guiding principles are ~~the~~ in tune with the requirements of the world because these ~~are~~ ^{do you think} ~~are~~ ^{changed} ~~are~~ ^{confronted} ~~are~~ ^{with} ~~are~~ ^{these} ~~are~~ ^{issues} like climate change, global terrorism (IS) etc needs a concerted effort from all the nations of the world. This can be achieved when every nation is equally treated at global level and every nation agrees to peacefully coexist and cooperate with each other.

(9)

Remarks

Q5. People generally get true happiness by having meaning and purpose in lives, but they work for short term pleasures more. Do you think that peer and social pressure is keeping people out of getting true happiness in life? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Ans Long term happiness or true happiness is the goal of refined hedonism while short term pleasures are goal of gross hedonism. With the increasing ~~comp~~ consumption culture people are moving towards gross hedonism and ignoring true happiness as it requires more efforts from the individual.

e.g.

For a student true happiness would be get a good job and for it he needs to study. However, the student engages in bad practices in schools and colleges which give them immediate pleasures e.g. Smoking drinking etc.

Social pressure promoting short term happiness:

- Youngsters encouraging each other to take up

- What is the context of happiness today?

- How has it changed now?

Remarks

smoking, drinking etc

- Officials pressurising the honest officers to take up corruption.

However, there are cases where social pressure promotes ~~selfish hedonism~~ true happiness

- Good friends encouraging for studies
- Ethical working environments promoting moral behaviour.
- Social stigmatisation of bad behaviour like stealing, lying etc.

Therefore, it can't be an universal phenomenon that social pressure always promote short term happiness and not true happiness...

It mainly depends upon the value framework of the peers that decide morality of peer pressure.

(32)

Q6. Sustenance of human values, ethics and morals in human society is an important goal. The duties leading to rights or from-me-onto-others sequence are decidedly a more effective and meaningful educational philosophy to follow. Explain. (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Ans Human values, ethics and morals hold a cardinal position in human society because it promotes the harmony, equality, fraternity and peace which are essential for a ~~best~~ society if it wants to survive or sustain. In ~~an~~ an ethical society every individual recognises his/her rights along with the duties. This is important to uphold a sense of allegiance an individual hold for the society. Thus, duties leading to rights ~~or~~ ^{or} from-me-to-others promotes that each individual enjoys his/her rights and ~~let other~~ it is his/her duty that he/she ensure that others also enjoy their rights. In this interconnectedness of rights and duties the ~~best~~ peace and harmony of a

Remarks

society is enshrined. In this way
this educational philosophy is more
effective in sustenance of values, ethics
and morals in human society.

(32)

Remarks

Q7. "Gratitude is not only the greatest virtue, but the parent of all others". Do you agree and why? What are the two most important things in your life that you are grateful for?

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

Gratitude means the feeling of thankfulness and appreciation of the effort that anyone does for you.

Being grateful to others is very important for an individual. It shows that a person has a ^{strong} virtue character. It shows that the person treat others as ends in themselves rather than only means. It promotes social harmony and cooperation among the people. People tend to help others when they get appreciation ~~of~~ for their efforts. Therefore, Gratitude encourages the development of a helping society where rich help poor, strong help weak and equality, fraternity, justice are realised.

Remarks

I am grateful to _____

① My parents

For supporting in any situation and providing me with requisite skills and temperament so that ~~that~~ I can fulfill my dreams.

② My Teachers

For imparting the ^{human} values along with the academic knowledge which helped me in becoming a successful professional as well as a responsible citizen.

⑤

good

Remarks

Q8. Lack of self-control is the biggest barrier to well-being, but still it comes last in improving well being as people concentrate more on materialistic values.

- (a) What should be the parameters for calculating the well-being of people?
 (b) Discuss the importance of self-control for civil services. (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Q. The parameters for calculating the well-being should include:

1) Health : well being of health; absence of diseases ; absence of depression ; access to reliable, affordable and quality health services.

2) Education - discuss different approaches
 Access to quality education at all ages.

3) Income
 High & sufficient economic resources to get goods and services which promote happiness.

4) Satisfaction
 Satisfaction in terms of career, family, wealth; along with a purpose in life.

Remarks

↳ Self-control in public services is very important because it will a civil servant to take decision rationally, objectively and impartially without any external influence.

A civil servant having self-control

Discusses specific servant
and display high levels of integrity and probity in public service.

~~It is important~~

Remarks

Q9. 'The rise of individualism, and the central role accorded to it has had many other ill effects at the societal level'. In the light of this statement do we need to examine the basic tenants of individual freedom? If yes then how? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Ans Individualism means the promotion of of the interests of an individual and not the community as whole. Individualism is the basic ~~tenant~~ philosophy behind the human rights. which ~~to~~ means viewing individual as an end in itself.

Positive effects of Individualisms'

- Promotes personal liberty and choices.
- Important for Democracy and checks autocracy.
- Individuals realizes their full well-being
- Promotes equality, fraternity and justice which are the basic principles of Indian Constitution.

Remarks

Ill-effects of Individualism:

- Interest of society is subjugated
- Promotes capitalism which can be exploitative for weaker sections of the society. e.g. Industrial revolution
- Individual take undue advantage of the freedom given to them e.g. hate speech etc
- Subjugates environmental values to personal interests which is detrimental in long term.

Therefore, there is a need to put a constitutional limit on individualism which is based on constitutional values and human rights.

A balance should be struck between the individual, societal and environmental interest so that all can co-exist with long term sustenance.

4

Remarks

Q10. An attitude of contentment is an antidote to the tendency of consumerism. Do you agree with this idea of contentment? Substantiate. (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Due increase of globalization and westernization there is a promotion to commodification ~~and~~ of everything. This has in turn promoted consumerism in the society which is ~~now has~~ progressed. It is detrimental in the long terms as it entails exploitation, inequality and environmental degradation.

The attitude of contentment in such scenario is very essential to check the growth of consumerism in the world. People should feel content with what they have and achieve a sense of satisfaction and happiness in it. Moreover, consumerism leads to greed and greed is hard to satisfy because it is ever-increasing. For example, consumerism in field

Remarks

of entertainment have led to commodification of women where women are shown in obscene and vulgar representations. This has led to exploitation of women in entertainment industry.

what is your view? Thus, it is important that a limit is to be put to the consumerism and the attitude of contentment can help us with in achieving it.

(3)

Remarks

Q11. What could be the influence of a civil servant's private life on his/her Public life? How would you prepare yourself to separate the two? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Ans
A civil servant's private life ^{can} ~~may~~ greatly affect his/her public life. A unstable private life will lead to reduced efficiency of the civil servant while he/she is performing the official duty.

For example:

A civil servant having a failed marriage will tend to prejudice all women in the society. This can affect ~~the~~ him & while policy making and implementation for women.

Therefore, a stable private life is very important for a successful and efficient public life.

I will ~~still~~ strive to strike a right balance between my private and public life by doing justice to my public life.

discuss both
+ve -ve
impacts

Remarks

as an honest civil servant and my private life as an loving, caring and responsible individual. I will make sure that any of my private affairs never affect my public life resolving all the ^{private} conflicts before coming to office of public office.

can be more specific

32

Remarks

Q12. Real freedom is of the mind and spirit it can never come to us from outside. Analyse.
(150 Words) (10 Marks)

Ans The outside world is nothing but what one perceives. For an individual the practices, customs, goods and bads of the world are dependent upon how one perceives them.

For example, for ~~an~~ a male it is normal that he gets more rights than his female counterpart, however for a female equal rights and opportunities are important. This is irrespective of whether there are actually equal rights for men and women in the society.

Therefore, one's view towards feminism is not based on external world but on ~~the~~ his/her sex.

Therefore, as everything which true for his is what we perceive it, hence the real freedom is of mind and spirit and not of any external barrier. and it can

Remarks

only come from within us.

For example :

In cases of domestic violence, a woman is reluctant to report, not because she ~~is~~ faces ~~any~~ family barriers, but because she does not want to ~~be~~ attract disrepute ~~and~~ to her husband and family, this

Divest is common in Indian tradition. Once she decides to report the cases ~~on~~ and feel free from inside then it the

real freedom of her mind and spirit.

How can real freedom be achieved?

— see hints

Remarks

Q13. What is personality? Describe its relation with values? What are the two important values in your opinion to have a great personality? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Personality is the aggregation of the attributes of an individual which are related to his attitude, behaviour, actions, values, thoughts, behaviour etc.

Personality is the resultant of all the characteristics of an individual.
 — how do values shape —

Personality have a close relationship with values. A person having positive values will have a strong personality which appreciated by others.

For example

- A civil servant with value of integrity and commitment to service will have a strong personality which can't be influenced by any external pressure.

Remarks

Two important values are:-

① Compassion / Empathy

All the great leaders had compassion for weaker sections. e.g. Gandhiji, ~~Md~~ Pandit Nehru etc.

② Integrity

Having a strong moral character is also very important for a great personality.

Q

Remarks

SECTION - B

Q14. Swachh Bharat Programme is one of the flagship programmes of the government. It envisages investment from central government, state government, local bodies and private players. A pro-active District Magistrate of a city wants to implement the programme in its true spirit and issues an order to mobilize requisite funds for the same without waiting for government funds to be released. The District Magistrate, by the use of the powers of his office, directed all the schools and colleges of the district to collect Rupee one each from all the students and teachers every month and Rs. 10/- from every shopkeeper of the city per month for a Swachh Baharat Fund for the district. However, certain sections in the administration and public found this decision inconvenient and complained high handedness on the part of the District Magistrate while some saw this measure as a means to get unaccounted money. In response to public interest litigation the court put a stay on the directives given by the District Magistrate. The District Magistrate was disappointed by the fate of an innovative idea meant for the success of a flagship programme.

- (a) Instead of winning support from his colleagues in administration and public, the District Magistrate came under suspicion and was misunderstood. What went wrong?
- (b) Should he continue the effort to steer ahead the programme or quit?
- (c) If he decides to proceed ahead, how should he pursue the innovative idea and make it more acceptable?

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

Ans (a) The intention of the District Magistrate may be good but she came under suspicion and was misunderstood because ~~to~~ the way he chose to implement and realise the programme was not in accordance with the value of objectivity.

Constitution of India clearly defines that the authority to impose any kind of monetary tax is only in the hands

Remarks

hands of legislatures. The ~~official~~
District Magistrate did not adhere to the
guidelines of the Swachh Bharat Programme
and started his own initiative without
proper discussion and deliberation with
public, this is against community participation
in governance.

What were
Ostra's
frailties?

(b) He should continue to steer ahead
the programme but only according
to the guidelines that are specified
under the programme without levying
any monetary tax on the citizenry.

(c) He can take the following steps
to move ahead with the project:

- Promotion of cleanliness and sanitation

Remarks

in schools and other places by persuading students ~~and~~ teachers and other citizens to themselves take up broom and clean the premises.

- He should personally display his commitment towards ~~the~~ cleanliness by brooming his own office.

- A behaviour change is needed for actual realization of Swachh Bharat Programme, financial aid ~~can only help~~ but can't be only responsible.

- Discuss more points

(7)

Remarks

Q15. Slums are providing low paid workers as well as cheap vending of essential commodities like vegetables and eggs. Besides, their women folk work as "Ayas" or "didis" (maid servants) in the middle class urban households, in which both men and women are working. But slums deface the beauty of the cities and spread lots of dirt and squalor in the vicinity. They are also breeding grounds and hideouts for criminals. A strong case is made by the superior authorities to remove these slums and their dwellers by force, even if it was mid-winter. You are the enforcing officer. You have the following options-

- (a) You would vacate the slum by using police force without any consideration for the inclement weather and contribution which the slum dwellers make, as you think that it is paramount to implement the direction of superior authorities at any cost and in the shortest possible time.
 - (b) You will request your senior officers to wait till the weather become normal and an alternative place for settlement of the slum dwellers is designated with basic amenities.
 - (c) You will suggest your senior officers to make it compulsory for all the apartment builders to have provision of very low cost shelters for such shanty but important workers along with every apartment and allot it with the help of administration to identified workers based on some objective criteria.
- (i) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of all the three options mentioned above.
 - (ii) Which of the three is administratively expedient and prudent? Give reasons.

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

Ans

(i)

(a) ~~Demerits~~ Demerits

This option is againsts the public service values of empathy and compassion. It is duty of the state to provide gainful employment and shelter to the citizens, thus the punishment of inability of state should not be given to the poor migrants.

Remarks

- This ~~is~~ ^{lead to} can[^] disenchantment of the poor and they can join unlawful activities after losing trust in government.
 - Protests from ~~city societies~~ NGOs will follow.
 - Loss of employment and shelter to poor.
- Merits
- Orders will be followed.
 - Better future career prospects for me.
 - Criminals will be caught and city is cleaned.

(b) Demerits

- Crime will persist in the city. Why?
- This may anger the superior authorities against myself.
- It can be taken as my incompetence to deal with the situation.

◦ Far from their workplace. What?

Merits

- Value of justice will be upheld.

Remarks

- Poor will not lose employment and shelter
- In accordance with public service values of compassion and empathy.

(c) Demerits

- It may take long time to implement
- Funds will be required.

Merits What about private builders
 • What will be the objective criteria?

- Proper shelter to the poor
- They will reside near their place of work.
- Criminals can be caught in the process

(ii) The right course of action would be to go for option (b) for short term and preparing for option (c) for long

Justification
Why (b)
Why (c)
For

it is explained that option (c) ~~will~~ take time the migrants can be shifted settlements with basic amenities

Remarks

and in the mean time every builder construct low cost shelters in every apartment complex for them.

In this way they can be moved to the near their workplace saving them the transportation costs.

7

Remarks

Q16. Gandhiji said "A free press should be neither an ally nor adversary... but a constructive critic". Media is the bridge between the ruler and the ruled for transport of information inputs. The Media, particularly the Press, the Radio, the Television and the Cinema together or independently have the potency to either reform or deform the Society.

But what is happening today? Media, that was a mission before independence, grew as a profession after independence and of late it is being criticized for becoming a business without ethics and without any social responsibility. It is because the owners of print and private electronic channels are the owners of either a business establishment or an Industrial house or a financial institution. News, naturally in the hands of these businessmen became a commodity. News, which shall be a bare fact is now angled or slanted to make it marketable news. Media wanted stories in place of plain news based on facts. Editorial has become either dictatorial or proprietorial.

- (a) In the light of the given context what are the major ethical concerns for media?
- (b) Do you think that media has become more of a business rather than a medium for the public to raise their outcry against injustice?
- (c) What could be the possible limitations of regulation that led to such condition?

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

Ans (a) The major ethical concerns for media are:

(i) Showing the truth as compared to making profit as a business
 Media shows the actual facts it is detrimental to the interest of the big business houses which are practicing monopoly capitalism with the government.

Remarks

(b) Following examples shows that media has become more of a business rather than a medium for public against injustice:

Discuss both +ve & -ve aspects then take a stand.

- (i) Bollywood News on new channels. which are totally unimportant.
- (ii) Comedy shows on News channels
- (iii) Promotion of myths on News
- (iv) Debating useless issues on T.V.
- (v) Obscenity and vulgarity in news.
- (vi) Hiring of female anchors on most new channels.
- (vii) Promoting propoganda of a particular political party during elections while severely criticizing the other.

P. T. O.

Remarks

(C) The lax rules in terms of ownership of the news channels is responsible for such a condition. Also there is no stringent action against the channels who indulge in unethical practices of showing ~~the~~ detrimental news.

→ all hints.

(52)

Remarks

Q17. According to the United Nations, every fifth person in the world will soon be over the age of sixty. The world's largest international organisation is trying to convince its member states to do something to cope with this growing problem. In the context of UN's comment consider following sets of situations:

Context 1: A demographic revolution is taking place throughout the world indicating a phenomenal rise in the population of the elderly. The National Policy for Older Persons essentially envisages support from the State to the older persons to ensure their financial and food security, health care, the need for shelter as well as other needs of the older persons to improve the quality of lives of the older persons. The policy is useful for the older people who have been abandoned by their family members. But government cannot interfere within family where children are not taking care of their parents.

Context 2: Social isolation among seniors is alarmingly common, and will continue to increase in prevalence as the older population grows. Loneliness and social isolation can affect everyone but older people are particularly vulnerable after the loss of friends and family, reduced mobility or limited income.

In the light of the above context answer following questions:

- (a) What are the limitations of the India's National Policy for Older Persons?
- (b) Can you list some of the common concerns of ageing population facing social isolation?
- (c) Suppose you are next-door neighbour of few ageing people living in complete social isolation. What will be your reaction in this situation? What are the options available to you?

(250 Words) (20) Marks)

(a) Limitations of the India's National Policy for older persons:

(i) limits government from interfering in family where children are not taking care of their parents. This makes the entire policy futile as, these are the ones who need the most mental and social support.

(ii) The policy is only for the abandoned

Remarks

older persons which should be extended to all old age persons.

Discuss
more as
possible

(b) Common concerns of ageing population:

- (i) Loneliness
- (ii) Generation Gap
- (iii) Not adapted to new technology
- (iv) Health problems.
- (v) De-funct senses.
- (vi) Abandonment when most care is required
- (vii) Forced to beg to feed themselves.

Q

(c) My reaction would be to ~~spend~~ engage with them more frequently. I will try to arrange house meetings at their place along with ~~some~~ my friends to make them reintegrate into the society.

I will promote the use of new

Remarks

technology among them.

- I will encourage them to use internet and start a new hobby on internet like blogging, reading etc..

- I will spend time with them so that they do not feel left alone.

- I will encourage them to take up small jobs where they can be productive like teaching ~~to~~ children ~~to~~, gardening etc.

- I will ensure that they avail the government support services which are due for them.

(7½)

Remarks

Q18. A language is the mirror of a community. India has lost around 20 per cent of its languages in the past five decades which shows how some indigenous languages have suffered because of urbanization. You are the District Magistrate of a tribal district. You have found many tribal languages and culture to be endangered in that region due to high pace of development.

- (a) What steps will you take to conserve their languages and cultures?
- (b) Discuss some concrete steps alongwith possible limitations.

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

(a) India is known world wide for its diversity in terms of religions, ~~at~~ languages, ~~and~~ cultures etc.

It is the duty of Indian state to conserve and preserve the age-old languages and cultures which are threatened due to growing urbanizations.

I will take the following steps:

1) I will ensure that no more urbanization activities are continued in the endangered areas.

2) Civic participation by the tribal communities will be promoted.

Remarks

3) Education and health services will be extended to the tribal areas so that they can develop their literature and other cultural practices.

(b) However, some of these steps have limitations like - poor, tribal areas

(1) Stopping developmental process

This will be seen by other communities as against economic growth. I will be accused of stopping the employment opportunities for the people of that area.

(2) Conserving their language and culture:

This can be difficult because most of the tribal languages do not have a script and therefore they can be only orally passed on, and because of increasing use of English and Hindi for communicating with outside world these community will sooner.

Remarks

or later renounce their own language without leaving behind any written text:

(3) Health and Educational Services

Tribal communities have lower immunity because of their isolation from the outside world. This will affect their health when they interact with outside world for educational and other services.

- Attempt in a proper format

(1/2)

Remarks

Q19. In a particular village, there is communal tension between two Communities. The local SHO has taken a prompt action against trouble makers of two communities by arresting ring leaders of both communities. A powerful minister is putting pressure on the SHO to release arrested persons of a particular community or face suspension.

SHO is an honest, and upright officer and has come to you for a proper advice.

Following are some suggested options. Evaluate merits and demerits of each of these options and indicate, what would you like to advice him, giving proper reasons?

- (a) The SHO will complete all papers and records immediately after arrest and express his helplessness in absence of a court order for release.
- (b) SHO will agree to minister and release the people of a particular community.
- (c) Release the people of both the communities.
- (d) Seek instructions from Superintendent of Police of the district.

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

(a) Merits

- This will ensure that the trouble makers are not released until there a ~~and~~ release order from the court.
- Promote the value of justice
- This action is in coherence with the values of the officer.
- Ensure peace in the village and protection of interests of both communities.

Demerits

- He may face suspension and will come in bad books of the minister.

Remarks

- The culprits will eventually be released because the next SHO will be a pawn of the minister.
- Hence the efforts of SHO are in vain

(b) Merits

- SHO will come in good books of the minister and may get career advances.

Demerits

- Incoherent with the value system of SHO as he is honest and upright.
- One community is angered.
- May increase social tensions in the village again as the ~~town~~ trouble maker is out.
- People lose confidence in governance and pure cases of collusive corruption is displayed.
- Against the value of justice, equality and public service commitment.

(c) Merits

- Both communities ^{win-win situation} accept the decision
- Minister may not raise issues, and not suspend the SHO.

Remarks

Demerits

- Against the value of justice as culprits are not presented to court.
- Resurgence of communal tensions.
- Why did SHO arrest them in the first place??

(a) Merits

- According to the rules, useful.
- SP may have some advice for SHO

~~Every~~

Demerits

- SP may favour minister and further pressurise SHO

~~Therefore~~ After analysing ~~the~~ merits and demerits of all the options, the best option based on ethics of utilitarianism and larger good of society would be option (a).
Moreover, Gandhiji said:

Why?

"Non-cooperation with evil is as essential as cooperation with good"

7

Remarks

