

## ESSAY

Time Allowed: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 250

### Instructions to Candidate

- Both sections are compulsory.
- Attempt one essay from each section.
- Each essay carries 125 marks.
- Write each essay in about 1000-1200 words.
- After finishing the first essay, attempt the next on a fresh Page.
- Any page left blank in the answer-book must be crossed out clearly.

(Examiner will pay special attention to the candidate's grasp of his/her material, its relevance to the subject chosen, and to his/her ability to think constructively and to present his/her ideas concisely, logically and effectively).

Name PAWAR SWAPNIL

Mobile No. [REDACTED]

Date 16/07/2017

Signature Swapnil

1. Invigilator Signature [Signature]

2. Invigilator Signature [Signature]

### Remarks

Strengths: You did understand the titles of the essays and know what to write.

Weakness: You have wrote the essays without any in depth study. The information available in the news papers and the magazines should be utilized in the form of examples and also to support your stand.

Suggestions: Go for rough work (you have done) and think properly for suitable examples - national & international.

You can improve if you follow the news paper and apply it to your essays.

**SECTION - A**

1. To be successful in Men's world, a woman must be more man than men.
2. Laws are spider webs through which the big flies pass and the little ones get caught.
3. True equality means holding everyone accountable in the same way, regardless of race, gender, faith, ethnicity - or political ideology.
4. Wise men speak because they have something to say; Fools because they have to say something.

**SECTION - B**

1. India hasn't unraveled true potential of its long coastline.
2. We forget that the water cycle and the life cycle are one.
3. One should like to be able to love one's country and still love justice.
4. Sustainability is about Ecology, Economy and Equity.

To be successful in men's world,  
a woman must be more  
than men.

Mithali Raj is now slowly becoming a famous name in India, the country which has huge following for cricket. But for that to happen, she had to score highest number of 50s in One Day Internationals in 2017. The same woman was asked, 'who is your favourite male cricketer?' To this she replied, 'would you ask the same question to a male reporter about favourite female cricketer?' On the contrary, every male cricketer of India's

#### Remarks

The above para can be very brief - Ms. Mithali Raj's personal efforts brought honours to women's cricket, now the press and people are recognizing the ~~best~~ women cricket role that, but not in full paper.

As you have started the essay with an example the 2nd  
para will be introduction. Then 3rd para should have

**GS SCORE**

team, whether he performs or not, is  
a household name.

The point that we make  
here is that despite the strong  
narrative for women empowerment,  
globally and especially in India, women  
have had to and still have to  
struggle harder and face the GLASS  
CEILING to get their fair share  
of rights, due recognition and the  
developmental benefits. This is true  
in every sphere of life be it sports,  
or economic development or the food  
cooked in the house. The reasons  
like patriarchy are for everyone to see.

Remarks

but what should persuade our minds is - how do we give the half of world's population its fair share?

Good

In this context, the quoted example of Nithali Raj was just one of many those struggles. There had to be Sabshi Malik and Saira Nehwal to win Olympic medals so that we start promoting sports in girls on equal footing with men.

Alas! a girl child cannot prove herself greater than ~~she~~ men before being ~~born~~ and thus she is killed in the womb itself. And

Remarks

3rd para about the women in India in vedic period. Through the history upto start of Freedom struggle - Women and her role / participation during Freedom struggle. Then after 1947. After the implementation of the Constitution, number of articles supported women.

Empowerment. Even, the voting rights were given in India from the first Independent Indian Elections. By that time the

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Lamons in New Zealand were not enjoying the voting rights.

then we need to launch campaigns like Beti Bachao and Beti Padhao to tell people that we should give her a chance to be born to prove herself, at least a ~~natural~~ <sup>natural</sup> right to

The various govt. schemes for empowerment of women from 1950 to 2017 (and many more which helped most of the women)

life of a human being. Our mothers cook food in house. ~~It does~~ <sup>is the</sup> 75% of food cooked in the world by women. But only 20% of the food resources <sup>globally</sup> are under the proprietorship of women - a World Economic Forum report points out. This example of women being deprived of their rights and to struggle harder in this world of men is very close to our daily lives.

Equal wages for women equal work along with the male employees

Remarks

Then, the govt. created better work and its aim by bringing law like "Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at work places". To curb the atrocities against women, the "NIRBHAYA ACT" etc. Then deal with

In political sphere the 73rd and 74th Constitutional Amendments have given 33% reservation to women in local body. However, the concept like Sarpanch pati - male from house taking policy decisions in place of just a figurehead elected female member. We have examples of successful women leaders from India and world like our present speaker Sumitra Mahajan, Hillary Clinton, Angela Merkel. But these are few and women have had to struggle harder to create a niche for themselves in this world of men.

Remarks

① Standup India scheme launched by P.M. for SC & ST & Women only. (You mention this when you are writing about the SC & ST women and their empowerment in India)

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good example for your analysis but

you suggest that selection the best need that women needs.

Through education the women can do wonders

for Govt. Protection of

In economic sphere too the same issue is seen. The female labour force participation rate in India is just 27%. This indicates that women are struggling to get equal status and opportunity - a premiere objective of Indian Constitution. And to get them out of this issue they have to fight to get policies for their economic empowerment like woman component in Stand Up India and so on.

The women leaders in business are few like Chanda Kochhar, Indira Nooyi, Chanda Bavari had to

Remarks

Kerala state the participation of women in MGNREGS scheme is in Kerala is more than 55% and men force is below 45%. Where as the BIHAR state and especially U.P. The women participation in MGNREGS is below 30%. The rural women staying 10 km from Khetri don't know the above scheme and



are being exploited by money lenders for their economic needs.

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even sell her golden jewellery and  
run away from parents to take  
education abroad and set up her  
Cosmetics business empire. She had

to struggle harder than any other

male would have to, to do a

business, even to get higher education

in the first place.

Also, the issue of Security

of women is not new to us. A girl

cannot step out of the house late

night to work, she is then judged

on moral standards on which a boy

is not! And when a daring soul does -

even  
minimum  
education  
Higher second  
and graduate  
level  
can help  
women  
know  
their rights  
and  
themselves for  
develop-  
ment.

Remarks

you demand for better implementation of Act make effectively

So, a Nirbhaya incident has to happen. This is to justify the fact that, in first place, she has to struggle to get equal rights as men and save her from social evil and secondly to open the eyes of society and the administration and police system that she needs security to be safe on roads, ~~while~~ schools, workplaces:

IT sector opened more opportunities for women. In Bangalore, Hyderabad, Chennai, Pune and in Gurgaon the women are getting opportunity like that. Remarks made announced to be open to them.

Even in the field of technology is not an exception to the fact that women have to be more than men to be successful in men's world. We applauded India's Mar's Orbiter Mission or also the missile programme of India

Now, The Govt. of India Ministry of Home Affairs is providing a minimum of 15% to 18% jobs in Central Police Institutes like CRPF, BSF, CISF etc.

pioneered by great Dr. Abdul Kalam. But hardly do we know that women were an integral and crucial part of both these teams. Since ages, women have led the torch in this field like Marie Curie and so on.

What lies underneath the surge?

This is the obvious question; what are the reasons that women have to struggle so hard to get their fair share of recognition? The reasons are not far to seek. The patriarchal mindset is the first and foremost which has held back the

**Remarks** You can also mention that many states are implementing reservation for women in employment upto 30%. Usage of women power in employment will help the GDP grow. The southern and western states ~~are~~ are utilising women power and they are prosperous compared to BIHARU states.

progress of women in every field.  
 Women are not allowed to work  
 shoulder to shoulder to men outside.  
 They are confined to the ~~same~~ four  
 boundaries of walls to take care of  
 kitchen and children. And this is not  
only Indian but a global issue. The

so called progressive society of The United  
States of America struggled to digest  
 the fact that a woman can run for  
presidential race of such a strong nation.

Another issue is of  
 empowerment. We gave equality of  
 opportunity in Constitution - Preamble  
 and Fundamental Right under Article 15.

Remarks

However, these remained mere paper rights and even the implementation of programmes related to women remains dismal despite finding mentioned in Directive Principles of State Policy.

in this para you can add that the negligence of women employees in private sector.

The Gender Budgeting has not been taken up seriously and funds allocation to women specific schemes remains dismal.

The private sector is not paying equal wages to women compared to men. Discrimination in promotions etc. and this to be fought with the help of govt, courts and women comm. Secy.

How do we give them equal platform?

Socially, we need to open up our mind to the fact that egalitarianism doesn't only mean economic or religious or caste equities but also

Remarks

'Gender Equities' shedding the patriarchal mindset and giving women their due share of benefits of development by progressive policies for women and economic - funds allocation and proper implementation of programmes with outcome monitoring.

stand-up  
India scheme you  
have already  
mentioned in  
at papers  
do not repeat  
the scheme  
again and again

The steps are being taken in this regard. These include Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao for sex ratio improvement and education of girl child. Further Stand Up India and Skill India have special components related to women. For health of women and adolescent girls - Janani

Remarks.

Swastha Yojana and Kishori Swasthya  
Karyakram have been launched. The  
Maternity Benefits Bill and Special Women  
Police Teams, Pink Initiatives in Kerala  
 are also laudable.

Thus the importance of  
 giving equal place to women can not  
 be emphasised enough when Gandhiji  
 brought women into mass struggle for  
 freedom and considered them a key  
 factor of achievement of Swaraj. Thus  
 the half population of the world, when  
 would be able to receive the due  
 recognition without having to wage

Remarks

~~at~~ amichelen  
15 poor

50

separate struggle only for this sake would  
be the real Swaraj that we aspire  
for:

in your conclusion summarize all the acts supporting  
women in brief. The schemes for women brought by  
successive govt. etc (in brief) - Then write the  
support that women required to come up - the support  
from family first, then the society, and the NAO etc.

How, the successful women prosper and come up  
successfully in by building their career - assertiveness and  
dominance with a positive outlook at things - Mrs. Indira Gandhi,  
Margaret Thatcher, Arundhati Bhattacharya, NIFTY founder  
member Ms. Chitra Ramakrishnan, Ms. Jayalalitha, Sirimao Bandaru  
Neysee (Sri Lanka) the P.M. of Bangladesh, Aung San Suu Kyi  
Myanmar etc.

Conclusion: always be positive and hopeful in  
nature (can be done, can be solved, can be achieved like this)  
and suggest good provocative ideas for empowering women.

Remarks



Sustainability is about  
Ecology, Economy and Equity.

The concept of sustainability, though not known with the same term, has been a matter of concern for mankind since years. The Club of Rome Report highlighted that there are limits to our growth. This was one of the first indications of sustainability as the world was marching ahead on the path of material development. Then came the Stockholm Report which

Remarks

coined the term for us and indicated that all our efforts need to be sustainable for the world to taste the fruits of the development.

Now as the world progresses towards newer horizons of development, sustainability has progressed too as a concept. Earlier, it was only about environment <sup>and ecology</sup> getting damaged due to development, industrialisation, pollution. But now it is also about economy and equity.

Remarks

Sustainability is important for survival of mankind ecologically, economically and for equity. However, we have been blinded by quest of materialistic development and have been harming this concept. This is high time that we take efforts to ensure that our development remains sustainable.

Sustainability is about ecology:

Ecology is where the living and non-living factors interact. Thus it consists living - humans and animals as well as the environment, forests, water resources and so on.

Remarks-

and also for rain fall. The South-west monsoon is the main resource for our rainy season in India. And this rain fall depends on western ghats. - So we have conserve/more western ghats.

For that  
Kasturi  
Rangan  
Committee  
and  
Madhav  
Gadgil  
Committee  
reports -  
which  
suggest  
that to  
protect  
the western  
ghats  
certain  
members of  
villages and  
be removed  
the ghats  
The states  
have not  
could the  
Now, the  
State of  
Kerala  
is  
facing  
drought  
and  
concern for

Clean air and water are the lifelines of humankind and they depend on forests as sources of clean air, sinks for pollution, retention of ground water. However, our quest for industrial development has led us to destroy forests (deforestation). This has degraded habitat for humans and animals alike. Further the scourge of pollution has led to global warming and climate change.

The IPCC (International Panel on Climate Change) warns us that the pace of our pollution would lead to

Year: Remarks  
Then the international reports and convention like Paris Pact and The IPCC etc to be mentioned.

21 You have to write about 4 hotspots (ecological) India is having and their benefits to India at large.

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increased catastrophic events like tsunami, cyclones, increase incidence of tropical diseases (eg. we see increased incidences in India in last few years of Dengue), reduced agricultural productivity and thus food security; increased sea levels and thus small islands can get submerged.

Further, the water resources are getting scarce. In areas like Punjab, ground water is fast depleting and unabated pollution of Ganga and Yamuna by industrial effluents continues. This is especially cause of concern for India which has around 15% of world population but only 4% fresh water resources.

✓

✓  
good

Remarks

Thus it is high time we understand, that our developmental efforts have ecological sensitivity and become sustainable. India has put forward ambitious Intended Nationally Determined Contributions of reducing pollution and improving forest cover as carbon sink under Paris Climate Deal. It has been agreed by 191 countries (excluding USA) and what is needed is its implementation in spirit and letter. Another example is recent Rigali Agreement under Montreal Protocol to protect ozone layer. This has been one of the world's most successful agreements. However, the story doesn't

good example

Remarks

Stop here and goes on to show its economic dimensions in new globalised world.

Sustainability is <sup>about</sup> Economy:

The prime goal of human development is economic progress. It has brought about the Age of Industrial Revolution 4.0, Globalised Economic System, and International Institutions.

One aspect of sustainability is that we have sound global monetary policies by respective Central Banks. This is to ensure that policies of one nation do not affect others adversely.

**Remarks** - write that from raw material export country during the British to "bright spot" as mentioned by IMF on Indian Economy in @ 2017. and the economic development by curbing the nature - cutting forests, spoiling the rivers and polluting polluting the air. The measures taken by UN and various states - physical solar energy belt and other

PARIS pact. Expected drastic changes due to clean energy:  
 How <sup>24</sup> nuclear energy also helps reduce the pollution - the ?

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pollution levels emitted by India compared to USA and CHINA. clean gauge project and the APEX Court order that the Inter-linking of rivers afforestation to conserve nature while going for industrial growth make in doubt of budget to MSME sector in one year from Rs. 1.20 lakh (2015/16) crore budget to 2.40 lakh in 2017/18

However, unsustainable policies of Quantitative Easing (like European Central Bank; US Federal Reserve) and Beggar thy neighbour policy by China's Yuan devaluation have led to currency wars. These policies have potential to destabilise other fragile economies by outflows of investments from developing markets like India or dumping of cheap goods by China on account of devaluated currency.

When it comes to international economic institutions like World Trade Organisation the unsustainable policy of developing countries dominating over least

Remarks  
 - Achieving economic growth and stability along with ecology and equality (equity - being fair and impartial)



developed nations is clearly visible. The Doha Round has not seen progress and threatens food security and farmers in developing and least developed nations. This would lead to an unsustainable economic environment, where weak would start to dwindle.

It is important that the ~~global~~ central banks come together and formulate a global monetary policy framework (as was envisaged by Raghuram Rajan). And also that the platforms like WTO are democratized and developing nations be heard in earnest. The permanent peace clause is a step in right direction.

Remarks

But greater and sustainable long term steps in terms of agreement <sup>on</sup> agricultural subsidies and special safeguard mechanism are formulated. In absence of these world would move towards the narratives like protectionism, seci heavily, which is seemingly unsustainable in long run.

Sustainability is about Equity (2)

This quest of economic development has given rise to issue of equitable sharing of benefits <sup>of development</sup>. Also the age old scourge of racial, caste, religions and gender disparities haunts us till date. This inequity is unsustainable for it affects ~~for~~ <sup>larger</sup> population. ~~and~~

Remarks

## Oxfam Report on Global Poverty

and Disparities shows that the income of top 1% of global population is even more than bottom 40%. ~~In absence~~ Also the

poor and marginalised are deprived of their rightful share of benefits. The tribals still face the issue of violation of

forest rights and Supreme Court has to intervene despite enabling laws like

Forest Rights Act in cases of Niyam Giri

Hills in Odisha. almond - when the Vedanta Multinational Company tried to put Aluminium plant on the hills and fully Benoit. Perhaps Court said that of the

Further, the caste and

religious inequities in India threaten the sustainability of our diverse society which

Remarks

has given the value of Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam to the world. The social profiling and police attacks on racial minorities in USA have potential to break the social fabric of world's largest economy.

Further, the rural-urban divide due to lopsided development threatens sustainability of developmental efforts. Cities suffer from overcrowding, security issues, governance issues. Also rural areas lack education, economic opportunities. This has led to unsustainable issue of migration. These tend to be unsustainable.

How the GoI stopped migration to the most of the extent from rural to urban?

Remarks by introducing MGNREGS, the scheme was appreciated even by IAF and WB. The scheme literally stopped migration from rural areas. The rise in migration gives rise to slums, lower levels of education to slum children, prostitution, beggary, rise in crime etc. as the migrants will earn low wages.

Secondly, the ~~state~~ upcoming industrial corridors and MSME sector is trying to create technical/non-technical

GS SCORE

employment with the help of skill development centres by centre and

This we need to promote states

equitable sharing of economic benefits

and also broad mindset to accommodate

live equally with different castes,

religions and races. This would be the

only solution to a sustainable world.

This the sustainability in

ecology, economy, equity aspects is the

prime vision our civilisation should

strive for to make the world a

better place to live.

(5)

The society, people from all walks of life, should encourage themselves, the masses in getting equal opportunities to every person so that the economic differences may mitigate to maximum extent.

Remarks Another, the Jan Dhan Yojana where banking had been introduced to masses of poor people - now they cannot be exploited while getting benefits/subsidies from govt schemes like - MGNREGS, GAS subsidy, getting ration etc. The insurance of AADHAR CARD can also be discussed.

→

all these schemes and programs aimed at in reducing the differences and exploitation through corrupt practices.

This is the need of the hour. We can get economic sustainability in India as we have good Agricultural base and then middle class is more in number (the countries can grow where there is middle class). ~~But~~

But bringing sustainability in Ecology can also be developed by bringing stringent laws etc.

But ~~ensuring~~ ensuring equity is very difficult. We, every citizen of India, should support the cause to be - being fair & impartial.

You must know -  
That no prophet can survive with out the other two. Same is

Remarks

the case with the other ones.

Conclude the essay penitently

*Remarks*

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*Remarks*





*Remarks*

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*Remarks*

To be successful in men's world, a woman must be more than men.

Sports  
Mithali Raj eg. highest ODI 50s in 2017  
Sakshi Malik / Saina Nehwal  
Chanda Zaveri / Chanda Kocher  
Jharna Doyy / Anandhats Bhattacharya } LPPR

Business / Eco  
- Niobhaya incident has to happen to get attention to security issue

Security of women  
- Sarpanch pati concept but <sup>women</sup> leader leaders? - base  
- worldwide only 17% women ministers in  $\text{⑤}$   
- Ind. women leader egs.

Pop  
- Mother Teresa / Sindhubai, Saptha - immense sacrifice

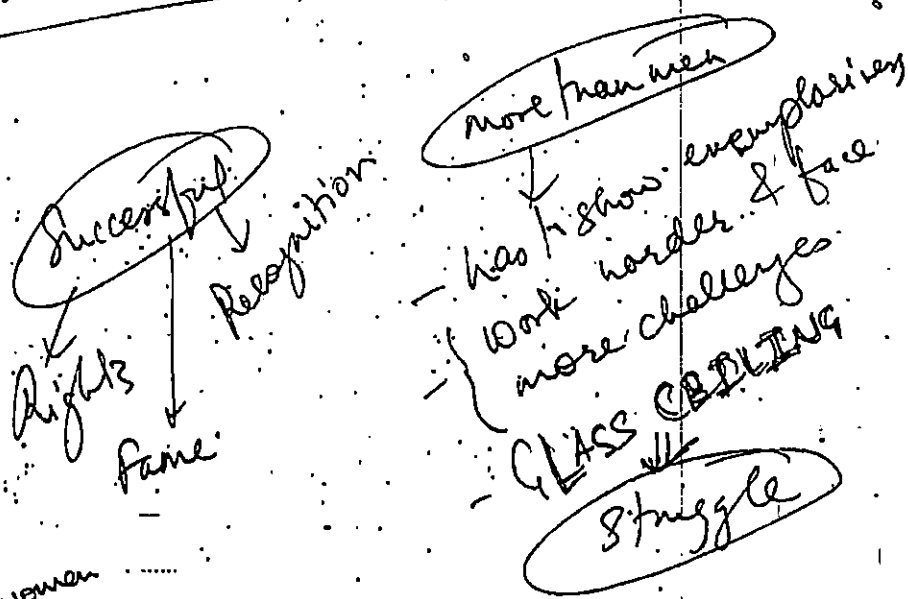
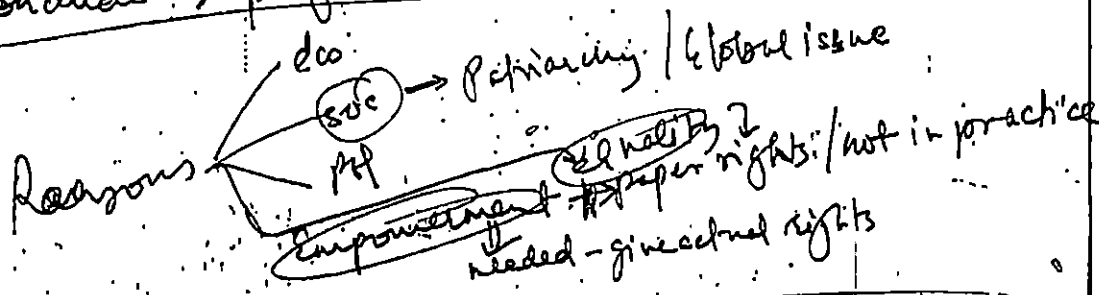
Internet  
- Hillary / Angela Merkel / Theresa May

Technology  
- 'MOM' Team lady egs. - less famous  
- 'Mary Curie'

Remarks  
A woman is judged on moral standards - not a boy.  
food T ~~cooking~~ cooking  $\rightarrow$  75% by women  
but right over food resources - meagre 20%

37  
 Now ← eg. with diff. thesis narrative

- SDT [
- Assert it with eg.
  - why the issue? - why low visibility / causes
  - What can be done? - steps taken - schemes for women
  - Conclude - Imp. of women
- Person's stand OP 2nd. Bel/Bales



Imp. of women

Towards women's contribution

higher moral force/power

women - integral part of freedom mvmt / coz 50% popn cannot be dormant

Remarks

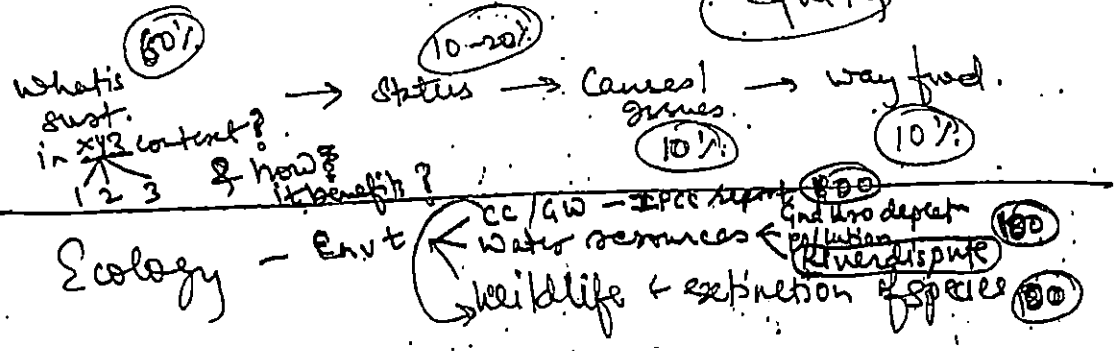
Despite the strong narrative towards women emp. women have had to and ~~combine~~ <sup>have</sup> to work harder, struggle, face the glass ceiling to get their rights, due recognitn and fair share of developmental benefits.

This is true in every sphere of life be it sports, security issues, economic rights. The reasons are for everyone to see that the patriarchal mindset still hinders progress of women. We should engage our mind in how do we give them that level platform.

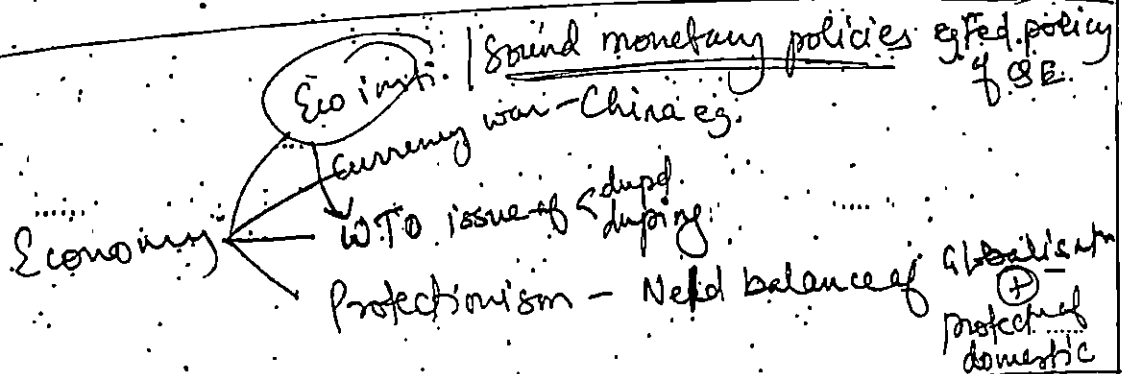
World copy 2nd.

Sustainability is about Ecology, Economy and Equity.

150



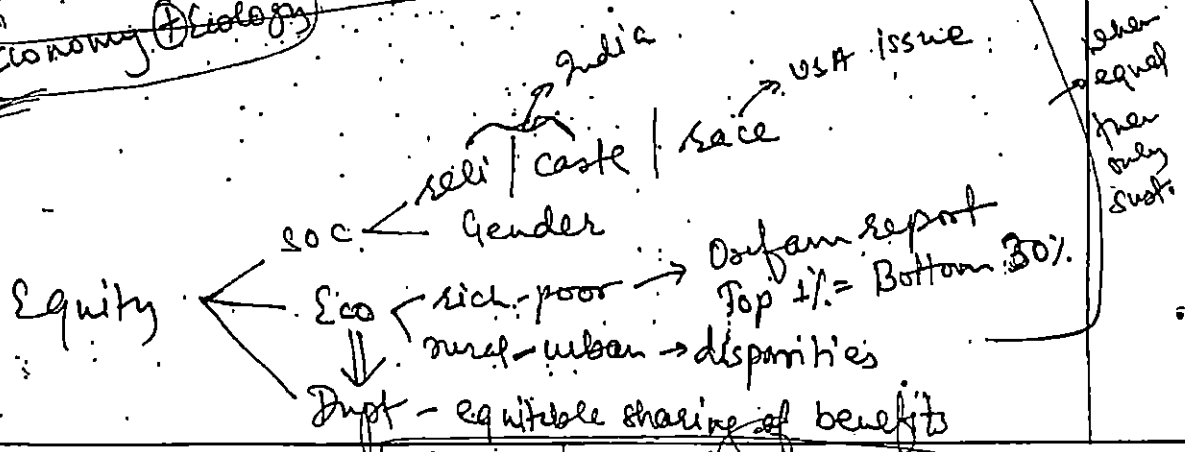
250



250

Economy & Ecology

250



Remarks

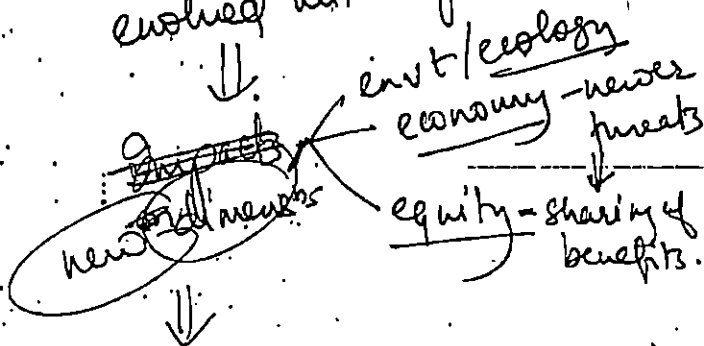
Trials / unskilled / marginalised

100

Stockholm Report - Sust. Devel

↓  
abt. economy  
& limits to growth

↓  
evolved with depl. of world



ecology:

economy

equity

sustainability  
meaning

& importance

→ global issues → way fwd

Sust. is multidim. concept - envt/econ/Equity.

Important for survival of mankind

But great issues and need to way  
fwd towards better world.

Remarks

*Remarks*