

ETHICS, INTEGRITY AND APTITUDE

Time Allowed: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 250

Q.	Marks	Instructions to Candidate
1.		<p>There are 20 questions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">All questions are compulsoryThe number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.Content of the answer is more important than its length.Answers must be written in the space provided. <p>Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.</p>
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1. Invigilator Signature _____

2. Invigilator Signature _____

Name RAJ PRASADRoll No. 2AETS2017048

Mobile No. _____

Date 23rd July, 2012Signature Raj Prasad

SECTION - A

Q1. Hume says 'reason is the slave of the passion', is it so? Discuss.

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

First of all you should discuss passion will it? be what is it? can be illustrated as during the times of enlightenment when age of discovery was happening, it was the passion of merchants, sea farers which established the reason to ~~clear~~ places across vasty ~~clears~~.
 what - does it imply?

However it should be emphasised here, that for enlightenment to happen itself it was the reasoning of rationality and humanity which kindled those passions.

Remarks

Considering the above stated example it could be wrong to say that it is the reason which is the stem of passion. Believe :-

- o without passion also reason can be established.
- o Rationality a person will not need passion rather a desire to search for finding and establishing truth and rationality.
- o It would be correct to say reason complemented by passion will lead to determined, dedicated and devoted efforts in governance and nation building.

21

Remarks

Q2. How do rising expectations, social comparisons, and relative deprivation explain why increased income does not bring happiness? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Although per capita income of people has increased to a considerable extent yet due to certain reason it does not bring happiness.

Rising Expectations:-

- Unsatisfying nature of human needs.
- Increased spectrum of people expecting from
- Increased standard of living.
- Higher order needs.
- Increased population & thereby increased pressure on breadwinners of family.
- Increased friction & other rising costs of modern amenities.

Social Comparisons

- Due to globalization more people are connected and thereby scale of comparison higher.

What is happiness all about?

Remarks

than ever before.

- o Social media posting their new materialist possessions.
- o Comparison not across societal status across various countries.

Relative deprivation

- o when amenities have increased income cannot buy all of it
- o Comparison will result in relative deprivation

Such elaborate discussion is not required at all.

Hence it can be summarised that no matter how much people earn their unsatisfying nature will always cause certain demands to be left out. So it's better that happiness is not sought in materialist

possessions rather spiritual revelations (not only selfish).

By promoting a culture of satisfaction, mutual respect, Empathy, cohesion, compassion.

Happiness can be achieved.

Remarks

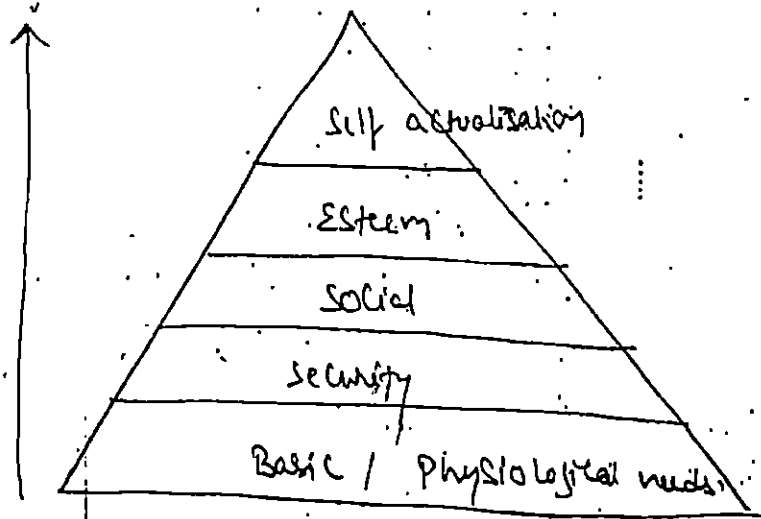
Can these attribute lead to happiness?

2

Q3. According to Maslow and his hierarchy of human needs, why most of the human beings get engraved in the basic necessity of life rather than moving to the self-actualization stage which reflects that human beings are not simply a biological machines?

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

maslow hierarchy of needs



According to Maslow a person moves to upward need only when the lower order need is fulfilled.

But due to ever expanding nature of needs of persons and non-realization in satisfying the basic needs, people are actually not able to move to last stage of self actualisation stage.

Remarks

Certain needs are:-

o Materialistic society - where self actualisation needs are supplanted by ever increasing needs of people.

o Unsatisfying needs of people.

o failure to get the basic needs.

o Not having avenues of proper employment.

o Background or a wrong precedent.

o Culture of thinking only about basic needs.

o Lack of moral and ethical education to realize the self actualisation needs.

- getting what one is capable of achieving.

- Lack of awareness about one's own self actualisation goals.

- Higher external locus of control.

3

Remarks

You should elaborate some points in brief.

Q4. What is impartiality? Give two misinterpretations of impartiality and explain why they are wrong? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

It is basically a principle of justice

Impartiality refers to situation or trait when person does not hold any side rather take decisions on basis of merit. Do not judge a situation or character by stereotypes, long held perception rather on merit.

Two misinterpretations of impartiality are:-

Non-partisanship - impartiality does not mean non-partisanship. Rather it means not be partial or giving undue advantage to anyone due to certain conditions.

③ Subjective (Non-objective behavior) - it does not mean taking decision only on merit of case. Rather it means do not giving undue favours to any party while taking decisions.

Remarks:

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Remarks

Q5. Discuss few criterias used to define a trait as positive? (75 Words Each) (5 Marks)

A trait is positive :-

- if doesn't harm others, cause pain to others' life.
- Bring empathetic behaviours towards others.
- Bring compassion and tolerance towards others.
- Judges things on its merit - objectively and on subjective manner.
- Non-partisan - does not take sides.
- Promotes social cohesion and spirit of brotherhood.
- Emboldens Rationality and moral behaviour.
- is in syn. with national interest.
- having ~~dedication~~ dedication & devotion at workplace.

Remarks

2/2

Q6. How does optimism work and what positive functions does it serve?

(75 Words Each) (5 Marks)

Optimism refers to holding positive opinion about something, somebody, ~~situations~~.

the functions

- helps build courage to take risky ventures
- avoid negativity to creep in times of helplessness
- to help one in venturing uncharted territories
- In governance to build spirit of confidence in taking bold decisions.
- in adverse situations developing confidence & morale of subordinates.

It brings creativity in problem solving.

Remarks

Q7. How do we develop rational moral feelings? Explain the two rationality conditions. Can we ever be fully rational in our moral thinking? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Rational moral feelings are developed when the decision to judge right and wrong is premised on logic, rationality, merits, facts ~~etc.~~ well laid principles, moral precepts etc.

Two rationality conditions:-

- o Backed by merits or facts
- o Reasoning behind the interpretation to evaluate those merits or facts

Human beings can be developed rational but to a considerable extent only because:-

- 1) Satisficing human nature:-
- 2) Biological limits to absorb and collect information about anything and everything.
- 3) moral emotivism - when morals are carried out by emotions.

Remarks

However efforts should be made to be as much rational in our dealing as much possible.

Moreover, principles like moral ~~ethics~~ ^{relativity} where morals are decided on basis of culture also hinders development of rational moral judgement.

So some universal precedents be followed. like Honesty, transparency, empathy, non-partisanship, objectivity to promote national ethical feelings (moral)

3½

Remarks

Q8. On what grounds might it be considered right to sacrifice one's own welfare for the benefit of the another person? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

How is it pertinent here?

might can be considered right on certain conditions like ethical altruism where one's own welfare is sacrificed for benefit of another person.

It can be allowed in society when one's right cannot be promised otherwise.

- otherwise it will lead to self-annihilation
- of as per utilitarian principle greater happiness to greater number of people is satisfied by following this principle
- if the ~~cost~~^{benefit} which will culminate out of injury of others ~~is~~ if right (welfare)

Such as if a police officer is endangering one's own life to save

Remarks

iii - gotten political party wealth is not
merely resounding.

Here on these grounds ~~can~~ ^{might} ~~can~~ ?
Considered Right.

You need to get the
essence of question first.

Remarks

Q9. Answer the following questions:

- (a) Distinguish between dilemma and problems.
- (b) The answer to a dilemma is always both and never either/or. Do you agree? Give reasons.
(75 Words Each) (5×2=10 Marks)

a) Dilemma

- Dilemma a situation where ~~both~~ is appropriate part of action to a certain extent.
- answer is either to follow one - by qualitatively & quantitatively as per circumstances evaluating the priorities
- ethical dilemma or other dilemma solution is difficult as one has to evaluate different options & then its pros & cons. Consequential spin occurs.

Problems

- situation when a non-desirable situation crops up.
- answer is eliminate it.
- Problems solution is comparatively easy as one needs to only think about one problem - < and its solution.

Remarks

b) Answer to dilemma is made by
Evaluating various options before us and
evaluating its pros and cons and
then taking action thereof.

However answer to it lies in ~~either~~
taking one action ~~or~~ or find a alternate
middle path.

So it cannot be said that dilemma
is always both/and never either/or.

What should one follow
in such circumstance?

1 1/2

Remarks

Q10. Answer the following questions related to the leadership quality:

- (a) Charisma is the result of effective leadership, not the other way around. Discuss.
 (b) Why Charisma as a leadership trait doesn't last long?
 (c) What is being authentic? Why a leader needs to be authentic?

(75 Words Each) (5×3=15 Marks)

1) Charisma can be result of effective leadership. Eg
 Cravethji, Patel ji
 & - person has a vision.

- is able to take risk on personal level

- believing in ability of subordinates

- evolving trust of subordinates on him

- great social breadth and concern.

However not only effective leadership

2. Charisma.

leaders like Hitlers who were not that effective leader still held charisma among his subordinates.

Persons can be born intelligent, born

eloquent speakers, has charismatic personality

convincing favours.

2
 what are various ways to influence people?

Remarks

b) Charismatic trait does not last long :-

Because :-

- The movement leader ^{Loses} ~~loses~~ the visionary element. Subordinates lose trust in him.
- Increase rift between leader and subordinates over time.
- Difference between opinion, ideas between leader & subordinates.
- If a person is charismatic due to his speech, might be due to old age. His speeches, monologue would not be effective by then.
- Ineffective communication between leaders.
- Growing loss of expectation with the

If one is not able to fulfil expectation of people, then charisma will vanish.

Remarks

c) Being avirbhav means doing what is ought to be done as per established norms & values in society.

chaitanyaji was a avirbhav leader.

to be avirbhav leaders need to be value based.

Why??

- to Build trust on leader.

- Establish better information flow & communication.

- Better reporting relationship.

- Cohesion at work place.

- Build enjoyable working style toward each other's benefit.

- Build culture of transparency & Accountability at work place.

- to be objective in approach at work.

You should explain some of these points in brief.

2

Remarks

Q11. What are socio-emotional skills? Why are they important in education sector? How teachers can have a detrimental influence on students' socio-emotional development, even if unintentional?
(150 Words) (10 Marks)

Socio-Emotional skills can be broadly said as inter-personal skills of person and Emotional quotient as held by person.

In Education sector

- will help in development of social cohesion at study places
- Promote spirit of tolerance and empathy at Institution
- will give boost to comparison of persons towards each other
- help one develop emotional quotient to become leaders of charismatic stature in future
- to promote internal locus of control in students and teachers.

Remarks

handwritten notes

Teacher to negatively influence :-

- o of adopt bureaucratic culture at study place to not allow socio-emotional development to take place.
- o Promotion of rote learning will restrict cognitive development.
- o Reciprocal learning - Content or parental thinking of teacher can be inherited by students in general.
- o syllabus of students if not illustrated with great examples like Gandhi ji, Nehru ji rather used with Hitler can have negative influence ~~on~~ for socio-emotional development.

You should also discuss how teachers can be the role model

Remarks

Q12. Difference between the following terms:

- (a) Emotion and Sentiment
- (b) Liberty and Freedom
- (c) Duty and Obligation

(75 Words Each) (5×3=15 Marks)

a) **Emotion**

- led by feelings and thoughts about something or somebody
- do not have logical reasoning behind it
- **not** backed by facts
- will develop as person goes through socialization processes

Sentiment →

- led by opinion about something, somebody
- backed by facts
- have logical reasoning behind it
- will develop as a result of experiences of persons of past life, or stories of other persons

It can go up to capturing social dimension

2

Remarks

(b)

Liberty

freedom

You should define both first.

- Liberty of thought, expression, belief, faith & worship
- Involves issues of liberty to think & contemplate.

- has relation to exercise such rights; to be free from bondage of foreign rule etc.
- Involves issues of sovereignty

- has internal locus of control

- has external locus of control

◦ Without liberty, parochial thinking and archaic mindset develops.

◦ without it overall development of personality of human is restricted.

◦ Ideas of liberty will lead to cry for freedom

◦ will lead to freedom of will and liberty of thoughts.

1 1/2

◦ Both emboldens each other

Remarks

Thy

C) Duty

- when codified as per rules & regulations
- non-performance can invite punishment
- has external locus of control
- needs rules & regulatory parameters
- Basically with regard to constitution, unity integrity nation etc.
- Like constitutional duty in ARTICLE 51 (A)

Obligation

- NOT codified rather implied
- non-performance can cause cognitive dissonance
- has internal locus of control
- Needs moral values as parameters.
- centres around family, society etc.
- like obligation of familial jobs, care etc.

you need to define both first

Remarks

Q13. Discuss Mills concept of 'harm principle'. Is it right not to interfere with what someone does if it does not harm other people? Is it also applicable in family system?

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

J.S. Mill Propounder of Qualitative Utilitarianism.

Propounded harm principle.

It says that unkt. person is not harming the interest of other people or bringing pain to the lives of other people. Such action of individual is moral.

Whenever there is interference in someone's life, it negatively affects ~~the~~ person's life as it abridges the privacy, right to life. Especially when it amount he does not harm anybody.

So apparently, it seems right not to interfere with what someone does if it does not harm other

people. This especially goes true with the promotion of Indigenous people or tribal groups

and the ~~the~~ foreign nationals living in our country. - to allow them to live as

Make your view clear

Remarks

per their style and as per their culture and long held traditions

Yes it is applicable in family system as well because it will lead to :-

- development of one person's own taste of preference
- Individual personality
- recognition to individual person's achievement
- Privacy would be ensured
- Right to life and work as per the situations surrounding his life
- Build culture of cohesion, empathy, tolerance in family
- will also family members to be compassionate about one other's way of living.

How can these outcome be possible; you justify your view.

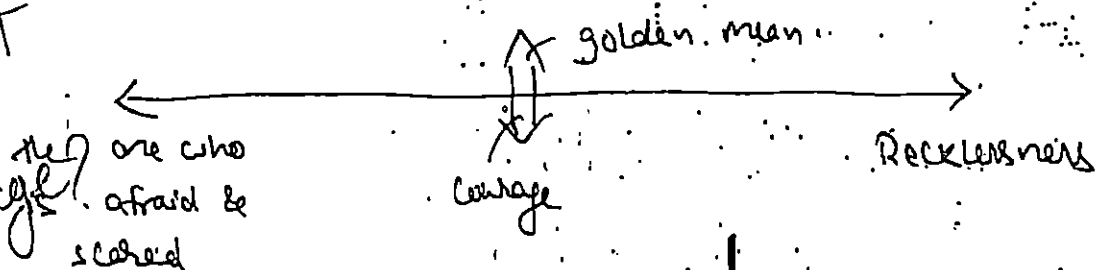
2 1/2

Remarks

Q14. 'Courage is the most important of all the virtues because without courage, you can't practice any other virtue'. Critically examine the thesis in the context of human life in general and governance in particular.
(150 Words) (10 Marks)

According to Aristotle, he says. the greatest virtue of man is to achieve golden mean. one such mean is courage.

What is courage?



Thereby courage is one of the important virtues in general :-

1) allows one to take certain reasonable risk in life because without risk no reward can come.

2) In situations of helplessness it is courage which comes to rescue.

Suppose a person while scaling Himalayan mountain caught in landslide. It is courage which gives him strength.

Remarks

Like few months ago Hemant Soren an army man showed such courage.

In governance:

- to take ventures and steps which are unprecedented not yet taken \Rightarrow uncharted territories.

- to act as a model in governance.

- In situations like mob violence, it is courage which helps like in Jharkhand

Crisis-district 15 policemen saved 15 farmers from mob lynching.

It was courage which enabled the policemen.

- In areas of Red Corridor (Naxal hit areas) it is courage which enables them

to take life on hand for the

interest of nation while administering

these areas.

2 1/2

Remarks

What is the guiding principle behind courage?

Q15. In your own words, explain Kant's principle of ends. Do you think that this could be a useful moral principle for you in everyday life? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Kant's Principle of "sense of duty" is its Paramount Principle.

He states that ~~means~~ should justify Ends.

He was of the opinion that one should always follow what it ought to be followed as their duty says irrespective of the Consequences ~~as~~ as opposed to Utilitarianism Propounders.

Usefulness of such principle in everyday life:-

- speak honestly ; never tell a lie is a
 - universal principle can undoubtedly be followed.
 - never steal anything
 - do not harm others
- These principles can absolutely be

Remarks

followed in day - to - day life.

However, disregard to ^{end sometimes} defeats the purpose. you need not write anything which is not asked at all.

- suppose a farmer who does not have much money, needs medicine for his wife who is in dire need of it for operation overnight. He ~~may~~ thought resorting to stealing. But at the same time with a promise to buy the medicine from his daily wage and return it back after few days.

Here following sense of duty will not save his wife's life.

Thereby Kant's sense of duty is not impracticable as some writers practiced in day - to - day life but at times have to take into consideration the ends to be achieved.

What do you want to convey?

Remarks

SECTION - B

In the following questions carefully study the cases presented and then answer the questions that follows:

Q16. A Cabinet rank Minister has been assigned the Ministry of Petroleum and Gas. He is aware that it is both an opportunity as well as a great responsibility. Yet he is very confused regarding his priorities because of the following situations. You have to observe the situations and state whether the minister should go forward or not by giving adequate reasons.

- (a) His family members, relatives and party members come to him for allotment of retail outlets - a sure source of regular income. They make their point on the argument that the minister will not do any dis-service to public because whether outlets are run by minister's people or others, service will still be available to the people.
- (b) The minister has been indicated by the head of his political party that he should use his powers to mobilize funds for the party, because every 'party in power' does it and elections today are 'very expensive'. Also by doing the same, he will come in the 'good books' of the people in command of the political party he belongs to.
- (c) He should focus on implementation of the running projects and carrying out reforms needed to improve the performance of the petroleum and gas producing and marketing companies, as that is the main task mandated to him.
- (d) Since he feels that it would be difficult for him to reconcile personal, party and official interests, he should resign. Is it possible for him to reconcile all these interests?

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

- a) Ethical dilemma involved here!!
- Personal Interest vs Professional Ethics
(family members)
 - Familial duties vs Code of Conduct rules
 - Interest of single family vs Interest of whole nation as family.

b) Allots to his family members.

Motiv

- will improve families ties to cohesion.
- greater satisfaction of family members & kids towards him.

Remarks

- to party members - will enhance his personal image in party as favourist.

Demerit

- will negatively affect corporate governance
 - against Code of conduct rules
 - against professional culture of party.
 - will tarnish party image as favourism & nepotism
 - no Promotes.
 - will impinge on spirit of competition in economy.
- ∴ thereby it seems that democracy clearly overweighs the merits. ∴ thereby he should not allot rather a culture of merit & transparently be promoted.

2½

(b) of Mobilizes Fund

Merits

- will be able to meet party electoral expenses.
- will lead to emboldening his position in party & find favours with needs.
- will help him to get party ticket in next elections.

Demerits

- Promotion of power culture (money power) in party.
 - will bring a 'blot' to the party's name.
 - diminishing of trust in the party by people
 - negatively affect the politics of our country as it would bring a image that politics is only done on money power.
 - wrong precedent for next ministers to come.
- Hevile by looking at negative it can be

2½

Remarks

said that he should not mobilize funds.

(c) Doing his assigned official job

Merits:-

- will ensure energy security of country.
- India's energy needs are met particularly by imports so production improvement will save precious forex.
- Bringing marketing companies will help them reduce cash like under-recovered.
- will promote corporate governance & competition in Economy.
- will reduce Fiscal deficit.

Dojry's one's official duty with full devotion, dedication, impartiality, transparency do not have any demands as such.

d) of designs

- wrong precedent for new members to come.
- what is the guarantee that next minister will be able to reconcile all interests.
- will portray ESCapist character of minister

yes it is possible to reconcile all interests if he follows his duties well ultimately. due to Energy

it will ensure Energy security

↓
Boost to Economy

↓
Increase in income of corporates

↓
Increase in corporate social responsibility

↓
Funds to political party

moreover elections are based on the pretext

Avoid using this space.

Remarks

of good governance not on money power. This message should be conveyed by him loud and clear to other members.

Q17. There was a conflict between the students of upper castes and Dalit community in a central university. The Dean and Vice Chancellor called a reconciliatory meeting, but it did not yield any result. The other day violence erupted in some parts of the university and some hostels. Examinations are very close. Some students have to submit their PhD thesis or M.Phil dissertations. Some politicians from a certain section put pressure on the Vice Chancellor to take action against the agitating students.

(a) Discuss various options available to the Vice Chancellor.

(b) Justify why these options are worth considering? (250 Words) (20 Marks)

This case presents a typical portrayal of current scenario prevailing in our society. The entrenched, deep-seated casteism which has culminated into hatred towards lower caste (Dalit community here). Thereby impinging social cohesion & empathy of people.

various options available:-

• Since violence is perpetrating and reconciliatory meeting has already taken place, so some prompt actions are needed:

• - Appoint certain Best Constables so that perpetrators are deterred.

• Involve student unions of universities as they have better connect.

• Circulate falsifying warning that those caught of doing violence might invite punishment of expulsion from university or taking back their degrees.

Remarks

- Installation of CCTV to identify the prime culprits and to sensitize people in general.
- During identification, teachers & professors can be involved as they can give insights about any aggressive behaviour of students.

Long-term measures

- Appoint a committee to find out reasons as to why such conflict has arisen.
- Bring into effect a procedure into admission process - to sign a Bond that irresponsible activities are liable to be punished.
- Promote a culture of inter-caste dining.
- Avoid ghettoisation by making students live in the same dormitory from various castes.
- Use models & past stories to evoke the spirit of tolerance & empathy towards each other.
- Promote moral education as one of subject.

(b) Short-term measures:-

- Since examinations are near students need to concentrate on exams and for that peace and tranquility is utmost necessity.

Remarks

you should suggest some feasible & viable option that can cope with situation in short span.

Thereby Beat Constables are appointed - & Circulars are spread / disseminated.

- Student unions ~~know~~ and teachers better know students so they will help in better identification of violators.
- CCTV will ensure people (students) are not harmed while on their way to Examination halls & submission of PhD thesis.

Long-term measures:

- Above stated options in long-term section will ensure that students will develop feeling of empathy, tolerance, compassion, cohesion towards the people from other section.

This will ensure that not only these recent conflicts are suppressed rather future conflicts will be nibbled in the bud itself.

Hence it is said to Edwile.
a man in mind not in morals is a menace

to society. Thereby students be taught moral education as well.

Remarks

You should not mess up
up with your answer
properly denote every part
of answer.

Q18. You are a senior civil engineer in charge of a very big road project. You find that project contractor is working honestly and strictly as per the work schedule and also maintaining the quality of work. Suddenly his only son met with an accident and hence he is preoccupied in his treatment. The project got delayed and the quality of work slightly get affected. Your subordinates are putting pressure on you to take strict action against the contractor.

- (a) What are the various options available to you?
- (b) Evaluate the merits and demerits of each option and choose the option you would adopt, giving reasons. (250 Words) (20 Marks)

The present case presents a classic example of a situation when a person's mental condition and his familial values and commitment brings a negative effect on one's effectiveness & efficiency (delay) (quality) at workplace.

Under this situation various options are:-

- a) Doing as per suggestions of subordinates to take strict action:-

merit

- Subordinates will be satisfied to have their demands met.
- will give a boost to bureaucratic culture of following rules & law
- will ensure that no such delays happens in future
- ensure disciplinary culture at workplace

Remarks

Demerits

- negative effect on the morale of people working with honesty.
- will lead to cognitive dissonance.
- decrease in trust on the behavior of engineers.
- will reduce quality of work life where person-professional interface will be compromised.

b) Do not take any action

merits

- will ensure contractor is not punished.
- contractor will be able to take future contracts.
- personal bond between contractor & engineer will continue.

Demerits

- will give impetus to impunity culture.
- will set a wrong precedent.
- negatively effect discipline and professional culture.
- harm to transparent and responsible behavior of workplace.

Remarks

He can go for probe into delay & deteriorating quality on his own level.

52

(C) Another alternatives is ~~are~~ are:-

1) Put the case in public sphere and let the public decide. AS it is their tax money going into such big road project.

2) organise a committee of all stakeholders including Engineer, Contractor, suppliers, public representatives to decide the case. AS multiple stakeholders will better decide the case thoughtfully.

3) Contact Road development minister to get to know the Code of Conduct rules as to what to do in these circumstances.

4) Lastly on his personal level Engineer can instead of taking strict action can give a moderate warning to Contractor to follow the quality and schedule of work irrespective of his familial situations.

He can cut a certain degree of Commission of Contractor to offset the loss and to act as deterrence of such behaviour in future.

It is an irrational option

Remarks

Q19. Ratandeep, an orphan, is a 30 year young who lives in small town of Punjab. Ratandeep does not have much for sustenance. He does some part-time work in a Real Estate Industry as he is incapable of holding a full-time job due to the drug habit.

He has also served jail too for quite some time for possessing drugs, which he kept for his own consumption. He never sells it, nor involve in any further crime. But community members of his locality do not like him at all.

Few senior people from his colony have approached you as you are Police Inspector of that area. Community members have put pressure on you to arrest him, as he is a threat to society. Since that community is a potential vote bank of ruling party, so you are quite aware that sooner-or-later you will get instructions from political quarter also to do the same.

Answer the following questions based on the above situation:

- As a Police Inspector, which ethical dilemma will you face?
- Is it ethical to have strict action against him? Does he has freedom to consume drugs until he is not harming anyone else?
- In what ways can you intervene in the life of such drug addicts?

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

Q) AS A Police Inspector, ethical dilemma faced by me are:-

1) Personal ^{interest} ~~ethics~~ vs Professional ethics
 (Following favours with ruling party) (following the code of conduct)

2) following the whims & opinion of community vs Rule of law
 (to follow the procedural aspect of law)

3) Right to life of Community as whole vs Right to life of Individual

2

Remarks

(b) Taking strict action against him would convey the message that ~~people~~ police can go in excess to any extent in order to be the line of Politicians and community opinion. So it is not ethical b coz :-

- could go against rule of law.
- ~~could~~ negatively impact the prestige of people
- UNTIL he gets caught while consuming drugs he should not be arrested.
- Right to life - ~~AS~~ saying goes Every good man has his past and every criminal has a future.

As far as freedom of consuming drugs is concerned he is not legally allowed to consume even if he ~~is~~ does not sell it. Drugs like heroine, hashish, weed are not legally allowed to be even consumed in India.

(c) thereby certain interventions can be made to life of such people :-

Remarks

• AS it is clear from case that Retender is a drug addict and a part-time worker.

— so it seems that if he gets engaged in full-time employment, he might leave such practices. So promotion of employment.

As Inspector... I can promote schemes like Pradhan Mantri Kustha Vikal Yojana, ~~India~~ ^{skill} mission.

— can make these people aware about various skill banks.

• moreover can ask the government to open de-addiction centres

• can ask the (e) district collector to organize awareness campaign involving models, actors and bring to life ill-effects of drug addiction

• ~~Prevention~~ ⁽³⁾
• strict vigilance to restrict and nab the criminals involved in drug selling activities.

• Bring into light on social platform ill effects of such practices like # Say NO TO DRUGS

First of all he must undergo rehabilitation

Remarks

Q20. You are a S.P of a district. There is a project of infrastructure development in your area. This project is related to the widening of road. This project has been pending for long time but no civil servant wants to touch it as it is a very sensitive issue because for widening of road, removal of illegal religious construction done on the government land, has to be done.

One particular political party is also supporting these illegal structures due to political interests. Your senior officials have also given a blind eye to these constructions for long. Members of the committee who runs that religious structure went to court, but lost the case.

High Court has directed the state government to remove all such illegal religious structure which has mushroomed on government land. But no official want to burn their hands. One day District Magistrate has asked you to remove all the illegal structures using force. Being the SP you understand that removing the religious structure may lead to violence, even it can spark communal violence also. Some junior officers also showing their reluctant attitude to participate in their work as they belong to same community. Political parties have their particular interest in it. Being the first responder to any public anger, Police may also lose the lives of some of its men.

Answer the following questions based on the above situation:

- (a) Will you face any dilemma regarding the above said situation? Explain.
 (b) What steps will you take to address the situation?
 (c) Which course of action is best and why? (250 Words) (20 Marks)

a) Ethical dilemmas are:-

1) Interest of Police Personnel vs, Interest of General Public at such
 (Risk of their life)

2) Short Term Pain vs Long term gain
 (Communal Conflict might
 here up) (Better roads, Better
 connectivity)

3) Personal Interest vs following rule of law -
 (finding favours with
 Party) (High Courts orders
 and District Magistrate
 directions)

Remarks

(b) Steps to address the situation :-

- First take into confidence the junior officers and boost up their spirit. Because a house divided in itself cannot stand against others.
- Bring the religious leaders into table and ask them to ventilate their grievances and advise that the temple can be relocated to other place - preferable near to road. By convincing them road is easy where.
- Convince the political parties that counting and banking on sectarian politics can not yield electoral dividends in future.
- Appoint Best Constables to identify the opportunistic elements of society.
- Identify vulnerable spots of the town and install CRPF personnel in the area.

3

Remarks

o After taking these steps, keep the machinery to remove structures in surplus like JCB

is machines.

o Preferably in night after cutting internet facilities give effect to removal of structures

(c) The above state course of action after applying all the above state steps are suitable to assuage the concerns of religious leaders as well as to follow the rule of law to remove religious structures.

What is its significance?

1

Remarks